Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1869. NUMBER 140.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

BUTLER, PA.

Argument in the Hockenberry Homicide Case on Motion for a New Trial—The Trial of Mrs. Shugart for Killing Her Husband with Poison—Important Cases.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUTLER, PA., June 21, 1869.

I arrived here to find the town considerably excited over the pending motion for a new trial in behalf of the convicted murderer, Zachary Taylor Hockenberry, who, it will be remembered, was tried and found guilty of murder in the first degree, on the charge of slaying his cousin, Miss McCandless, who refused to return the love he directed towards her as a suiter for her hand. So far as I can judge from limited opportunities afforded, for judgment since my arrival, the people appear to have little sympathy with the prisoner, and to partake largely in the belief that he is guilty and richly merits the extreme penalty of the law. Some think he was a mono-maniac in his love for the victim of the fatal bullet, and attempt to excuse him on that ground. The murder was so skilfully planned, so cleverly executed, and the evidence so darkened after perpetration that this view has little weight in the estimation of the community, for if the prisoner is guilty his crime can have no appallation on the ground of any species of insanity. I cannot judge whether or not a new trial will be granted. The points of the argument are all well taken, but eminent legal gentlemen are engaged on both sides, and the Court is seldom known to err in important legal matters.

The trial of Mrs. Shugart for the murder, by poison, of her husband, will commence here to-morrow, provided the Hockenberry argument is disposed of by that time. It will be remembered that the female prisoner in this case is a comely looking young German woman, who was united some years ago to a husband much older than herself. To all appearances the union was not particularly unhappy. Shugart, while working in a field last Fall, was suddenly taken ill, after partaking of some soup prepared and sent him by his wife. He died with all the symptoms of arsenical poison, and in great agnoy. Arsenic was found by chemical analysis in his stomach after death. What the evidence is against the woman I have not yet learned, but will write by an early mail. A man named Miller, said to have been her paramour and an accessory to the murder, is likewise under arrest awaiting trial. They will be tried separately. The case of Mrs. Shugart will come up in the Court of Oyer and Terminer to-morrow before Judges Lawrence McGuffin, Jos. Cummins and Thomas W. Garvey. For the Commonwealth Messrs. Jno. M. Greer, W. H. H. Riddle and Charles McCandless will appear; for the defense Messrs. E. McJunkin, John M. Thompson and Lewis Z. Mitchell. The trial promises to prove one of the most interesting ever held in these parts and great public interest is manifested in the case.

W. B. H.

MEXICO.

Arrival of U. S. Minister Nelson—The Troubles in Queretaro—Revolution Elsewhere—Anticipated War of Races.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 14, via HAVANA, June 21.—Mr. Nelson, new Minister of the United States, arrived on the 12th.

The authorities at Acapulco had some difficulty with the United States steamer Pensacola, and an order was served upon her commander that she must not leave the harbor. Without paying any attention to the order the Pensacola sailed the next day.

The troubles in Queretaro are increasing. The Federal forces in Michoacan and Guanajuato have been ordered to reinforce the troops in the State of Queretaro.

There is much excitement over the elections. The *Two Republics* newspaper predicts that the government will surely carry the day. Tennanda allows the church many privileges and will gain its aid in the elections.

A revolution is on foot in Guadalajara.

General Placido Vega has arrived at Tepic.

General Lozada has issued an order for the division of lands and haciendos among the Indians. This is looked upon as the beginning of a war of races.

Owing to the vigorous measures of the Government kidnapping is on the decrease in all parts of the country.

The latest news from Queretaro is that the Federal party have displaced the State officers and are executing prisoners for treason.

Tennessee Politics—New Stokes Organ.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, June 21.—The *State Journal*, Stokes' organ, made its appearance this evening. It is edited by Gristiam & Bovell, late editors of the *Press and Times*. It contains a dispatch from H. A. Hamilton, of Memphis, stating that a Democratic Register for Shelby county has been appointed by Gov. Senter.

A dispatch to the *Press and Times*, from East Tennessee, states that Stokes, in his speeches on Friday and Saturday, was severe in his denunciations of Senator Brownlow, and declared that Grant was on his side, that he was expecting a dispatch from him to that effect. Senter adheres to his first position on the suffrage question, whilst Stokes is becoming more stringent.

BRAZIL.

The Correspondence Which Led Gen. Webb, U. S. Minister, to Demand His Passports.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—The following is a condensed account of Minister Webb's correspondence with the Brazilian Government: In October, 1856, the American whale ship Canada got ashore on the Garris reefs, near the mouth of the Rio Grande del Norte. Brazilian soldiers, in spite of the remonstrances of captain and crew, seized the vessel and selling her cargo deposited the proceeds in the Brazilian Treasury. Reclamation was made by our Government. The owners renewed their claims in 1864, through Minister Webb, for damages and interest to the amount of $400,000. Finally Minister Webb was authorized to compromise on the payment of $70,000, or one-fifth the original amount. In April, the late Baron de Calegipe, on behalf of the Brazilian Government, rejected this offer, on the ground that the Brazilian Minister at Washington had not advised his Government that he had been informed by Mr. Seward of his having issued renewed instructions to the Minister in Brazil, and would wait until officially informed of the fact through their own Minister. General Webb wrote to the Baron, protesting against his taking such absurd ground, and declaring that if it was, maintained he should ask for his passports. On the first of May Minister Webb received a note from the Brazilian Foreign Office, stating no disrespect was intended toward him, but that the American Government not having announced to the Brazilian Minister at Washington the result of the reconsideration, nor of the issue of renewed and modified instructions to Gen. Webb, keeping his Government in the same state of uncertainty that it was in before, and from which it cannot depart except in such manner as shall have full consideration for the respect due to its Minister and from one Government to the other.

On receiving this note, Gen. Webb replied in severe language, demanded his passports and obtained them. As he was preparing to leave for home he discharged a farewell epistle at the Brazilian authorities, of which the following is a sample sentence: "If in disregarding my rights and grossly insulting my government, the present reactionary and proslavery government of Brazil has also violated the rights which by courtesy belong to my colleagues, they will doubtless collectively or each for himself do as I have done, do what is necessary in the premises. Brazil has been admitted into the family of civilized nations, and being within the pale she must be required to discharge the duties she has voluntarily assumed, and be taught to practice the international amenities of the age."

This note appeared to have brought the Brazilians to their senses. The Government at once yielded all that Gen. Webb demanded and diplomatic relations were forthwith restored.

HENRY J. RAYMOND.

Funeral Services at New York Yesterday—General Demonstration of Respect.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—The funeral services of the late Henry J. Raymond took place this afternoon in the Presbyterian Church, corner of Tenth street and University Place. The entire edifice, excepting the portion reserved for the family and intimate friends of the deceased, was crowded fully two hours before the impressive but sad services commenced. The rain, which fell at intervals in torrents during the afternoon, did not prevent a large assemblage of ladies. At about half past five o'clock, after prayer at the house, No. 12 West Ninth street, for the family, by Rev. Professor Shedd, the remains were removed to the Church, the pall-bearers being Mayor Hall, Admiral Farragut, General Dix General McDowell, Thurlow Weed, Judge Daly, Ex-Senator Morgan, Wm. C. Bryant, Horace Greeley, B. F. Tracy, A. T. Stewart, M. H. Grinnell, George Wm. Curtis and C. C. Norvell. The chief mourners were Mr. Raymond's son, his two brothers and brother-in-law. Mr. Geo. Jones, and others, the members of the Associated Press, and nearly all the prominent journalists of this city, and quite a number from other parts of the country, were present, while the *Times* office was represented by nearly all the attaches of the establishment. The ceremonies at the church opened with a voluntary on the organ. Rev. Dr. Stephen H. Tyng read the Episcopal service for the dead. Rev. Henry Ward Beecher delivered a touching eulogy of Mr. Raymond. Rev. Mr. Kellogg, pastor of the church where the services were held, followed with prayer, and Rev. Prof. Shedd pronounced the benediction. The coffin was a very handsome rosewood casket, silver mounted, and was inscribed simply with the name and age of deceased, and covered with several beautiful wreaths of immortelles. After the service the lid was opened and the whole audience passed in procession around the coffin, each member taking a last look upon the remains of one of New York's most respected and deeply loved sons. The lid was again closed and the congregation slowly dispersed. The remains, it is understood, were left in the church during to-night and will be privately interred to-morrow at Greenwood by the family. Mrs. Raymond and daughters were present in the church during the ceremonies. Gov. Hoffman, though desirous of attending, was unavoidably detained at Albany. From the City Hall, other public buildings, hotels and the newspaper offices, flags were displayed at half mast during the afternoon.

The Board of Aldermen to-day adopted resolutions in honor to the memory of Mr. Raymond.

CUBA.

Review of Troops—The Captured Steamer Lahave.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 21.—Espinar, Acting Captain General, reviewed the volunteers on Saturday.

The Spanish steamer Fernando Catolico sailed to-day with the captured steamer Lahave in tow for Kingston, for the purpose of bringing the case before the English Court there, for carrying articles contraband of war. The Spanish authorities refused to take action, as the Lahave was captured on the high seas.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 21.—The announcement of the sudden death of Hery J. Raymond creats a deep feeling of sorrow.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* eulogizes Mr. Raymond as a publicist and journalist, and says his death creates a gap which cannot be filled.

The *Daily Telegraph*, in a similar article, says in private life Mr. Raymond was amiable, courteous, loyal and hospitable, and he was beloved by all, even when opposed to many in politics.

In the House of Commons this evening, Sir John Gray, member for Kilkenny, asked the government if there was any reason to apprehend further troubles in Ireland and if the military force in that country was to be strengthened. Mr. Fortesque, Chief Secretary for Ireland, stated the Government was informed Mr. Johnson, a prominent Orange leader in Ireland, had called a meeting to celebrate the anniversary of the 12th of July. This was not an act of hostility to the Government, but the practice of increasing the military force in Ireland about the time of this anniversary was never more necessary than in the present year.

In the House of Lords to-night Earl Gray gave notice that he should move to omit in the Irish Church bill that portion of the preamble which provides that the property or proceeds of said Church shall not be held or applied for the maintainance of any church or clergy or other ministry, or for the teaching of religion.

It is reported the Cambridge boatmen will withdraw from the match with the Harvard Club.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 21.—M. Schneider has been reappointed President of the Corps Legislatif, and Alfred Leroux, Baron Jerome, David and Dumral, Vice Presidents.

BREST, June 21.—The Great Eastern has arrived and the splice to the shore end of the cable will soon be made and the new cable under way.

PARIS, June 21.—Ismael Pascha, Viceroy of Egypt, leaves for London to morrow.

BREST, June 21.—A banquet was given on board the steamship Great Eastern last night. Toasts were drank in honor of Emperor Napoleon, Queen Victoria and President Grant, and to the union of France, England and America. At an early hour this morning the shore line and sea cable were spliced, and at daylight the expedition put to sea, the Great Eastern paying out the cable with ease and rapidity. Dispatches received from on board the steamer show the work is going on without interruption.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, June 21.—The Zollverein Parliament having rejected the proposed duty on petroleum, Count Bismarck declared that the Presidency of the Zollverein would not consent to any revision of the actual duty unless the Chamber reconsiders its action. The duty on sugar has passed. The session will close to-morrow.

SPAIN.

MILAN, June 21.—Slight tumults occurred here yesterday. The military was called out, but met no resistance. All is quiet now. Count Torre, Prefect of the Province, has issued a proclamation threatening to take severe measures to suppress outbreaks, if they are renewed.

MARINE NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—The steamships Manhattan, Tarifa, Dacian, Weser and Virginia have arrived from New York.

BREST, June 21.—The steamship Villa de Paris, from New York, arrived to-day.

LONDONDERRY, June 21.—The steamship Peruvian, from Quebec, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 21.—Consols for money at 92¾, for account 92¾. Five-Twenty Bonds 80¼, do. Frankfort 86⅝@86¾. Eries 20, Illinois 94½.

PARIS, June 21.—Bourse dull. Rentes 70f. 17c.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—Cotton active; uplands at 12⅛@12¼; Orleans at 12⅛@12¼; sales of 18,000 bales. California white wheat 9s. 9d., red western 8s. 10d. Flour 23s. Corn; No. 2 mixed at 27s. 6d. for new, 28s. 6d. for old. Oats 3s. 4d. Barley 5s. Peas 37s. 6d. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 72s. Cheese 78s. Bacon 62s. 6d. Common Rosin 5s., fine 15s. Spirits Petroleum 8d., refined 1s. 7d. Tallow 44s. 6d. Turpentine 27s. 6d. Linseed Oil 32s.

LONDON, June 21.—Linseed Cakes 9s. 18d. Linseed Oil dull. Tallow 44s. 3d. Sperm Oil 95s. Sugar 39s. 9d. firm, spot easier afloat. Whale Oil 4s. 10d. Calcutta Linseed 60s. 3d.

ANTWERP, June 21.—Petroleum firm at 47½ francs.

HAVRE, June 21.—Cotton at 145 francs, on spot.

CINCINNATI.

The Assault Upon a Revenue Officer—Died While Bathing—Immigrants.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, June 21.—George and William Selter, tobacco manufacturers, for the assault made on Revenue Agent Hoagland, were to-day fined in the Police Court and held in one thousand dollars each to keep the peace for one year.

Frank H. Thompson fell dead this morning from epilepsy, while bathing.

Fifty-eight German emigrants from Bremen by way of Baltimore, arrived here to-night by the Marietta Railway.

The non-resident tax-payers met to-day and passed resolutions favoring a vote for the Southern Railroad on Saturday.

Cuban Junta in Custody.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21.—Ignatius Alfero, Colonel W. A. Ryan, Captain James Peters and Messrs. Ackerman and Swederfor, members of the Cuban Junta, were arrested this evening and lodged in the Ludlow street jail on an information lodged against them by the Spanish Minister that they intended to violate the neutrality law.

THE CAPITAL.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 21, 1869.

GOLD SALES AND BOND PURCHASES.

After the close of the present fiscal year, June 30th, and until further notice, instead of weekly purchases of bonds and sales of gold, the Secretary of the Treasury will purchase one million dollars in bonds on alternate weeks, commencing Thursday, July 1st, and will sell one million dollars of gold alternate weeks, commencing Thursday, July 8th. The Assistant Treasurer at New York has been instructed accordingly.

TRADE RELATIONS WITH THE CANADAS.

On the 12th inst. Secretary Fish addressed an official letter to the British Minister, informing him of the action of the House of Representatives at the last session, recommending the renewal of negotiations for the arrangement of trade with Canada, and inviting Mr. Thornton's co-operation with a view to the negotiation of a Convention covering the interchange of products, free navigation of the St. Lawrence, freedom of the Gulf and in shore fisheries, and such other matters as may be embraced in the general subject of trade relations between the United States and Canada. The British Government has given the Canadian authorities the practical control of these subjects, so far as they are concerned, and it is expected that Canadian Commissioners will arrive here immediately to confer with the Assistant British Minister in the consideration of the proposed Convention.

RETURN OF THE PRESIDENT.

President Grant and family returned to Washington this evening.

COLORED JURORS ORDERED.

To-day Judge Fisher, presiding in the Criminal Court, ordered the Marshal to summon a number of colored citizens to fill vacancies in the Grand and Petit Juries. Before the close of the week the new element will be presented among the white jurors.

THE PRINTERS' TROUBLE.

It is generally admitted that Douglass, the colored compositor, will be continued at the Government printing office, irrespective of any society action. To-day three compositors resigned. One of them, a cripple, declared he would not work with a negro. Another compositor was discharged.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The receipts from Internal Revenue to-day were one million and thirty-two thousand dollars.

PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of Senator Wade and Others at San Francisco—Gold Hunters for Alaska—Revolution in Tahati Island.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—Ex Senator Wade, Senator Roscoe Conkling and party have arrived from the east. The Pulman Palace car party left Sacramento for New York June 19th, accompanied by Governor Blaisdell, of Nevada, and other prominent Nevadians and Californians.

A schooner sailed hence last week carrying a party of prospectors for the gold fields of Alaska.

A small boat of the United States steamer Mohican was sunk by the Oakland ferry boat June 18th, resulting in the drowning of midshipman William A. Lout, of Augusta, Maine.

A large quantity of ypium received by the steamer Great Republic, has been seized by the Revenue authorities for violation of the Customs laws.

Tahiti advices to May 11th, announce another revolution in that island. The Governor of Tahiti, Count de Ronclere, proclaimed his intention of establishing a new form of internal government and proceeded to arrest M. Boyer, the Ondonatteur, and M. Wallazer, recently arrived from France as Procurer Imperial, Chef d'Justice Judiciaire, by appointment of the Emperor, who disapproved any change in the recognized Government, accusing them of conspiracy against his person. No communication is permitted; even writing materials are forbidden them. Orders were immediately issued to prepare the French transport Chevort for sea, with the object of removing M. Boyer from the Island before the arrival of Governor Ronclere's successor. There is great indignation and excitement among the people of Tahati, and the arrival of the Governor's successor is anxiously anticipated.

MEMPHIS.

Railroad Employe Murdered—A Municipal Brawl—July Interest on City Bonds—Murdered by Indians.

MEMPHIS, June 21.—Wm. Winters, an employe on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad, was shot and afterwards beaten to death with the butt of a pistol by an Irishman named Milden, at Mason's depot. Milden escaped.

Robert L. Smith, formerly sheriff of this county, dropped dead in Front Row this afternoon while in a fit.

At a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen this afternoan, Mayor Leftwich asked for leave of absence and appointed Alderman Black Mayor *pro tem.* The Board refused to confirm the appointment and elected Alderman Marshall, whereat the Mayor became excited, denounced the Board, with few exceptions, as a set of thieves and robbers, and withdrew his application for leave. The meeting adjourned in great disorder.

It is almost certain that a special tax will be levied to meet the July interest on city bonds.

The Fort Smith *Herald* of the 12th, reports the killing of a girl named Marquet, aged 17, residing near the State line, by five Choctaw Indians, who escaped to their nation. The girl had interfered to save her mother, whom Indians were threatening to kill, when they shot her through the head.

A man named Cooper was shot and killed in Marcy county last week, while trying to kill a constable who was attempting to arrest him.

—It is understood that the Chicago Elevator men are not disposed to comply with the wishes of the Board of Trade, as indicated by the resolutions passed on Saturday, at least not for the present. It is said that they will hold off until the bulk of the grain now in the country shall have been sent to market.

Trial of Capt. Donaldson at St. Louis.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—The interest in the Donaldson trial is increasing since the defense opened. The court room today was densely crowded. The first witness for the defense was Mrs. Eliza Ryan, washer and ironer on the Great Republic. On the way up, when the boat was below Cairo, Anderson came to the ironing-room to get some clean shirts for the Captain. She took the shirts and laid them on his left arm; just then the negro boy Glover came in and going over to Anderson put his hand on the bundle, crumpling one of the shirts. Anderson told him they were the Captain's shirts and he had better leave them alone, using the words "damn you, these are the Captain's shirts." Glover cursed him in return, whereupon Anderson pulled out some money from his pocket and said he did not care; that when he got to Cairo he had means to pay his board. Glover drew forth a pistol from his bosom and partly levelled it at Anderson, saying "you will not want any money when you get there." Mrs. Ryan then laid her hand on one of them and told them to be quiet and go about their business. About three-quarters of an hour after this the steward (McAnally) came into the ironing room and arrested Glover, putting a pair of handcuffs upon him, he offering no resistance. She did not hear of the death of Anderson until after she left the boat; heard of the arrest of Donaldson, but said nothing about the above occurrence until about three weeks ago; thinks it was during the present month, but can neither remember the date, hour, or day of the week, except that it was not Sunday. She saw McAnally, the stewart, in the back yard of her house, and they entered into a conversation; during that interview she told him the above story; he appeared to be waiting to see her, and when she came out he asked her what she knew about this case, and she then related about the quarrel and the drawing of the pistol. Upon cross-examination she said she was a Catholic, but had not gone to confession for some years, and of late went very rarely to church on Sunday. Didn't know Glover and Anderson had ever had any difficulty before. The pistol Glover drew was similar to the one in Court, but he had it partially covered with his hand.

John McAnally, the steward of the Great Republic, was next called. He stated that he had been employed on board the boat on and off since its third trip. After the shooting he was not armed. As steward he had charge of the cabin hands. After Glover refused to do the work he set him at at, he put another in his place; some of the men came to him and told him there was a fuss among the hands; he went up and at the pantry saw a crowd; saw Anderson in the act of going away; bade them all go to work or he would put them in irons and they did go to work; he did not hear Anderson say anything; the hands were all present and some of them appeared stubborn, but he had no fuss with them. He said that if Glover had told him he was sick he would not have ordered him to go to work; when he did tell him to scrub, he said he would not. He stated in reference to the character of Capt. Donaldson that he was a quiet, peaceable man, in fact too much so; he never knew him to carry either a knife or a pistol, or any other weapon; never saw the Captain drunk. He heard that Anderson never spoke to him, and he was not present when Anderson was handcuffed; he saw him handcuffed after he was dead. When he put Glover in the baggage-room he took no psstol from him. In cross examination it appears that McAnally had taken a great deal of interest in the case and had been very active in securing the attendance of Mrs. Ryan. He had tried to obtain board for her and seemed very desirous of securing her attendance.

The general outline of the defense would appear to show that upon the negro Glover will an attempt be made to throw the guilt of the affair and prove that he and not Capt. Donaldson killed Anderson.

Base Ball at Philadelphia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—About twenty thousand persons witnessed the game of base ball between the Red Stockings and Athletics of this city. The Athletics were short in their pitcher and their play was not up to the usual standard, while the Red Stockings played well, making but few misplays. The game resulted in favor of the Cincinnatis by a score of 27 to 18, as follows:

Cincinnatis....	2	5	0	1	0	9	5	0	5—27
Athletics.....	0	1	0	1	1	6	1	7	1—18

—At a special meeting of the Board of trade of St. Louis, last night, a report was read from a Committee, appointed for that purpose, in regard to the bridge now being built to cross the Mississippi river at Keokuk, Iowa. The report shows several violations of the law governing the constrution of bridges across the Mississippi and pronounces this bridge a dangerous obstruction to the navigation of the river. The report is quite scientific and points out the precise manner in which this bridge will obstruct navigation and endanger property. President Shryock avowed that the parties building bridges acros the Mississippi river did so with the deliberate design of obstructing navigation by daming the river as much as possible, and make the people of the northwest unwilling victims of railroads. He had heard such statements openly made. He advised the entering of a formal protest against the building of the Keokuk bridge on the present plan, and if the law was not strictly complied with to serve out an injunction and stop work. He also said that the receipts of grain at St. Louis had quadrupled since the efforts made to cheapen transportation on the products of the northwest and the organization of the Grain Association.

—The supplementary concert of the Peace Festival took place in the Coliseum, Boston, Sunday night, before an audience of fifteen thousand, and proved a great success. Five thousand choristers, with Madame Parepa Rosa, Adelaide Phillips and Ole Bull, participated. The concert was conducted by Messrs. Gilmore, Zerrahan and Eichberg. In most of the churches on Sunday allusion was made by the pastors to the great moral accomplishments and effects of the Peace Festival. The commendation was unanimous.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—President Grant and family left New York for Washington yesterday morning.

—The stake money in the McCoole-Allen prize fight has been given to McCoole.

—Governor Claflin, of Massachusetts, has signed the Prohibitory Liquor Law, to go into effect July first.

—The frigates Savannah and Macedonian, of the Practice Squadron, left Fortress Monroe on Monday on their annual cruise.

—Daniel Scott, a well known auctioneer of Chicago, has absconded, leaving deficiencies to the extent of ten to twenty thousand dollars.

—John Kinney, of Newark, New Jersey, on Sunday quarreled with his wife, and seizing an ax inflicted a fatal wound upon her head.

—Charles H. McDonald, aged sixteen years, employed in the *Republican* office, at Frederick, Md., committed suicide on Monday morning by taking laudanum.

—Vice President Colfax spent Monday at Springfield, Mass., as the guest of Samuel Bowles, and leaves to-day to visit Senator Morrill, at Stratford, Vermont.

—The towboat Bengal Tiger is *en route* to St. Louis from Dubuque with 1,000 tons of ice, 32,000 bushels of wheat, and 13,000 bushels of oats, adding 17,000 bushels of corn at Keokuk.

—At Buffalo, Sunday night, Thomas Myers, released from the Auburn State Prison in March last, stabbed Michael Cochran in three places, inflicting fatal wounds. Myers is in jail.

—Fifty prominent St. Louis firms have guaranteed the Merchants Exchange, or Grain Association, against loss in the experiment of bringing an ocean steamer from New York and loading her for that port.

—The continued wet weather is becoming a serious cause of alarm to Illinois farmers. Unless there is a change soon the corn crop in northern and middle Illinois will come near proving a failure.

—The boiler of a locomotive on the Reading Railroad, exploded at Mahoning Plane, Schuylkill county, Sunday evening, 19th. George Wilson, the engineer, was instantly killed, and the fireman badly injured.

—Col. John F. Cheek, Clerk of Dearborn county, Indiana, died yesterday afternoon. He held many offices of honor and profit, was a gallant and meritorious officer in the late war, and was universally respected amongst a wide circle of friends.

—Monday morning a special train from Sacramento, California, reached Chicago, bringing the wife of Gen. Stanford, President of the Central Pacific Railroad, her children, servants and friends. The train consists of two elegant cars which were built at Sacramento.

—The first execution in South Carolina, under the reconstruction of the State government, took place at Arlington Court House on Friday of last week. Cyrus Cox, a negro, was hanged for the murder of a white man in January last, confessing his guilt on the scaffold. The execution passed off quietly. The Sheriff and ministers as well as most of the spectators being negroes.

—Between seventy and eighty thousand dollars is the total value of the sugar, coffee, pepper and cigars seized at St. Louis last month by the Surveyor of the Port, for alleged fraudulent withdrawal from the Custom House at New Orleans. The property has been transferred to bonded warehouses. Some forty merchants have been innocently involved in the transaction.

—Judge Joseph P. Allyn, of Hartford, Connecticut, formerly one of the United States Judges of Arizona Territory, who died recently at Paris, left by will $5,000 each to the Orphans' Asylum, Hartford Hospital, Hartford Charitable Society and Young Men's Institute; $5,000 for the erection of a piece of statuary in the Park; $2,500 to Gideon Wells and Willian Faxon, late of the Navy Department, who were warm personal friends, and the remainder of his estate to relatives.

—The Supreme Court of Illinois has just rendered a decision approving the validity of the provision of the charter of Chicago, requiring foreign insurance company agencies in that city to pay two dollars on every hundred dollars of premium received. The case was that of Arthur C. Ducat vs. the City of Chicago, in which he claims from the city $3,756.39, the amount of tax which he had paid to the city as agent for several New York insurance companies, it being claimed that the law had no right to discriminate between home and foreign companies in this respect. The case was decided for defendant by the Superior Court of Chicago, and that has now been affirmed on appeal. In consequence of this decision the city has commenced suit against twenty-five agents, to compel them to pay back the tax, which they have heretofore neglected to do.

Another Suicide.

The body of Nelson Henry, late mail agent on the West Penn'a. Railroad, was found in a grove near Apollo, Armstrong county, Sunday, under circumstances indicating that he had committed suicide. He had been drinking liquor for some weeks past and was laboring under a temporary aberration of the mind, and had threatened to destroy himself. He was seen in Apollo Friday, at which time he was laboring under great mental excitement. It is probable that he shot himself, as there was a bullet hole through his body, passing through the heart, and an empty pistol was found near the body when discovered. The deceased was a steady young man, son of respectable parents, who reside in Kittanning, Armstrong county. He was about twenty-eight years of age. An inquest was held on the body, when the jury returned a verdict to the effect that he came to his death by a shot from a gun held in his own hand. The body was removed to the residence of his parents.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, June 21.—At the Open Board a fairly active demand existed for No. 2 spring wheat, the market closing at $1,24 seller for the month. Considerable was doing in No, 2 Corn. sales being made at the close at 67¼c seller July, and 70c buyer July. In the evening there was very little doing. No. 2 spring wheat closing at $1,25 seller the month. No. 2 corn sold to a moderate extent at 66¼c seller July. Oats were unmentioned. Provisions lifeless.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PENNSYLVANIA.

ELIZABETH has a velocipede school.

THE hotel at Cresson is open for the season.

THERE is not a prisoner in the Warren county gaol.

THE Litiz Spring hotel has been opened for the season.

ERIE barbers have decided to keep their shops open on Sundays.

THE Catholics of Indiana are building a fine new brick chuch.

THE new hospital for the insane, at Danville, has been begun.

A BLOCK of coal weighing three thousand pounds is on exhibition in Sharon.

B. F. LYNN, the founder of the Erie Daily *Dispatch*, has again taken charge of it.

THEY have been hay making for more than a week in the eastern part of the State.

ALTOONA, with her half dozen caged incendiaries, is in a great state of excitement.

MR. JOHN WEAMER, an old merchant of Indiana, died last week, aged eighty-four years.

ONE of our exchanges says that for the present at least the *State Guard* is a *non est.* journal.

QUITE a number of sheep has recently been destroyed by wolves near Smethport, McKean county.

ALTOONA Democrats instructed their delegate to the State Convention of that party to vote for Cass.

AT a pic nic at Corry, on Friday last, a lad was killed by falling from a swing. The fall broke his neck.

THE coming Fourth of July is to be celebrated with unusual attention this year in Olean, under the direction of the G. A. R. and the Good Templars.

ON last Saturday evening, a man named Michael Cassidy, fell from the bridge across the Shenango, at West Middlesex, and was instantly killed.

THE Mercer *Dispatch* says, from every appearance there will be a large crop of hay this year. The time for mowing is not far off. The grass fields never looked better than at present.

JOHN AND HANNAH TAGGART celebrated their golden wedding, in Northumberland, on the 15th inst. The united ages of twenty guests present amounted to 1,500 years.

THE following pathetic verse is inscribed on a tombstone near Allentown:

"Here lies the Mother of Children five;
Two are dead and three are alive,
The two that are dead preferring rather
To die with mother than live with father."

The Carlisle *Herald*, in speaking of the Anderson troop, says: "Should their proposed re-union take place, we know the citizens of our borough will give the surviving members of the troop a hearty welcome."

IN Condersport the hotels have raised the price of board to five dollars per week, which has caused much dissatisfaction among the boarders, who threaten to leave if they have to pay more than four dollars per week.

A FIRE in Mercer, on the 6th inst., destroyed Barne's livery stable and two small dwellings. Nine horses, three buggies, and a quantity of hay and feed were destroyed with the stable. The whole loss was about $5,000, and there was no insurance.

A LITTLE GIRL aged eight years, a daughter of Samuel Straley, residing near Mercersburg, Franklin county, was lost in the mountain near her home on the 20th ult., and, although diligent search was made by the whole community, so far no traces of it has been found. The child undoubtedly perished by starvation.

A BOY committed a brutal act, as we learn, a few days since, in taking a cat which had displeased him in some way, forcing a tin tube down her throat, filling the tube with powder, and then applied a match, and blowing the cat to atoms. Such brutality clearly indicates what the man will be. We did not learn the lad's name.—*Williamsport Bulletin.*

THE Meadville *Republican* says a sad accident occurred on Wednesday of last week, about four miles below Cochrantown, on the Franklin pike. A little boy about two years old, son of Peter Stoyer, in trying to climb through a fence, lost his foothold and in falling, his head locked between two rails—and thus he hung till life was extinct. His mouth was pressed down so that he could make no cries, nor could he breathe through his nostrils, so that he was soon suffocated.

MRS. ROBERT STOCKTON, of Cochranton, died of apoplexy, on Wednesday evening last. On Tuesday evening last she took her pail to the field to milk her cows, and not returning in due time, her husband went out to look for her, and found her lying on the ground insensible, with blood oozing from her mouth and nostrils. She was lying beside her half-filled pail, and probably received the "stroke" in the act of milking. She was about sixty-five years of age.—*Meadville Republican.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—The Conneautville *Record* says: A Hayfield correspondent sends the following: Mr. Wm. C. Morse, who lived with his son, Mr. Wm. V. Morse, of this township, was run over and instantly killed by the eight o'clock express train, near Cambridge, this county, on Wednesday. The deceased was abaut eighty-three years old, and occasionally subject to partial insanity, and on Wednesday last he took advantage of the absence of his son and went to the railroad. At the time of the accident he was sitting on the track, but was discovered too late to stop the train.

THE Eaton *Free Press* of the 17th inst. says: Last night, about eleven o'clock, a number of miners from Buck Mountain, supposed to be members of the Buckshot organization, came from their homes at the mines and made an attack on Mr. Henderson, Superintendent of the Buck Mountain mine. Mr. Henderson was severely stabbed under the chin, his left arm was broken, and he barely escaped a shot fired at him by some of the attacking party. The crowd then visited the house of Mr. Harvey and demanded a brother to the owner of the house. The younger Harvey fearing that the party were enquiring for him, hid under the bed, when the party set upon the elder Harvey and maltreated him to a considerable extent.

CLIPPINGS.

MR. TOWNSEND THOMPSON, of Williamstown, Chester county, informs the *Village Record* that he is the owner of a turkey which has four perfect legs, using them all to walk on.

GETTYSBURG has procured two hundred hospital tents, which will be put up in time for the dedication of the monument, as the crowd expected to be present at that ceremony will be too large for the town to hold.

THE closing of the stores in Paris on Sunday meets with the approval of the employes in those establishments who have organized in order to force the proprietors to discontinue business on that day. The clerks, in London, it is stated, have contributed $20,000 in order to assist their French brethren in the movement.

THE New Orleans *Picayune* says that a little girl in that city, named Emily Walhauer, had been complaining, for about a week, of pain and trouble in the region of the stomach, having nausea at times, and at others ucontrollable appetite, until finally, last Friday, she vomited a live mouse, which is now on exhibition at a drug store in New Orleans.

A NOVELTY in silks is a new color recently imported for dinner dresses called *coraile.* It is very brilliant in gaslight, resembliug a delicate shade of flame color with light and dark flashes. One peculiarity of this coral-tinted silk, commending it to all, is that it becomes both the blonde and brunette, which can be said of very few colors. Only eight dollars a yard.

AN Englishman, who for twenty long years had taken ferriginous baths during the summer, but without any benefit, was entirely cured in less than a second by a flash of lightning. The same story is related of an invalid in one of the Austrian hospitals; being lucky enough one day to stand in the way of the atmospheric spark, he was enabled without delay to leave the establishment and resume his work.

BUBUY, a new species of cotton plant, it is reported, is now extensively cultivated in the Phillippine islands by the missionaries. The plant is of a very large size, and begins to yield in its fourth year. The cotton pods measure three or four inches in length, and one hundred of them, it is asserted, will yield three pounds of this fibre, which, when cleaned, sells for nine dollars a hundred weight.

THE Monkwearmouth Colliery, one of the deepest in the North of England, and employing one thousand men and boys, is now closed, in consequence a strike of the hands. In April, it is stated, the men agreed to a reduction, which they now decline to accept, asserting that the rate of wages is insufficient to furnish even bare maintenance. The proprietors allege that they are not receiving any return on their capital and cannot afford to pay higher wages.

ON Saturday afternoon last an unusually severe thunder storm passed over Catskill, N. Y., in the height of which a flash of lightning entered the house occupied by Mr. Benjamin Howland, West Catskill, striking a young lady about 23 years of age, Miss Emma A. Ridley, of Auburn. Miss R. was ironing at a table, surrounded by other persons, and had just taken the iron in her hand when she dropped dead upon the floor. The bolt did little or no damage to the house.

THE *Gaulois* gives this conversation at a German railway ticket office: Railway Officer—"Your tickets, gentlemen, if you please." Impetuous Traveller—"Ah! Himmelkrenzschoekschwrenothdonnerwetter! May I be seized by ten million fiends if I can find my ticket! Yes! here it is: for Elberfeld." Pious Traveller—"If you swear in this way, sir, I fear your ticket will take you to the infernal regions rather than to Elberfeld." Impetuous Traveller, grimly,—"O, I don't care; I've got a return ticket."

THE Czar Nicholas, was one day exceedingly dissatisfied with the arrangement made by his Chamberlain for a ball at the Winter Palace. After walking about for half an hour with a frowning face, he sent for the aristocratic offender and told him that, inasmuch as he had just shown that he was an incorrigible dunce, he should walk up and down the ball-room from one to six o'clock in the morning, constantly repeating the words, "I am an ass, I am an ass." The courtier did the Czar's bidding.

LAST Tuesday night a party of forty men armed with muskets, and with their faces blackened, went to the house of Croff Houston, living near the town of Shawnee, Johnson County, Kansas, and rapped at his door. Upon his opening it, he was seized, a rope put around his neck, and he was taken a short distance from his house and hung until he was dead. He was accused of being a horse thief, and this summary punishment is supposed to have been dealt out to him by parties who believed in his guilt.

THE Lawrence *Journal* says: A young girl, named Jenkins, was terribly burned on Thursday night of last week. It seems that she was attending school at the Weber School, near Wurtemburg, this county, and on retiring to her room, took with her a book, and went to bed, leaving the candle burning that she might indulge in the luxury of reading in bed. Some part of her clothing took fire from the candle, and it was with great difficulty that she was rescued from the flames. She is so badly burned that but little hope of her recovery is entertained.

EMIGRATION.—The English Home and Colonial Secretaries have recently been waited upon by large deputations, urging the claims of the working classes for aid from the Government to emigrate. These deputations argue that voluntary emigration on a large scale can only be successful when it is directed to places where there is a ready and extensive demand for labor, and that the British Colonies could not compete with tho United States, which absorbed the emigrants from England. The Imperial Government was therefore requested to unite with the Colonial Governments to assist working men to settle on land in the Colonies by granting loans. Mr. Bruce, the Home Secretary, asked what guarantee the Government would have against the emigrants taking the aid and then crossing the frontier of Canada into the United States, where the largest centre of industry was to be found. He also argued that the independent character of which Englishmen are proud would be impaired by the receipt of Government aid, and hoped that the funds might be obtained through private contributions. It was suggested that the line of ships now rotting at their anchors might be put in commission and sent out to convey emigrants free of expense.

Household Recipes, by Baron Brisse.

From the remains of roast poultry, especially turkey, a delicacy can be made which I give you to-day.

Hashed Turkey a la creme.—Chop very fine the pieces of meat, after having carefully removed the bones, and season them with salt, pepper and nutmeg. Chop equally fine some shallots and parsley; put over the fire in a saucepan, a lump of butter and some flour; stir, then moisten with cream or milk, or what is still better, half of either, with half broth, add the shallotts and parsley, season with salt, pepper and nutmeg, and let it stew gently for at least twenty minutes.

When the sauce has good consistency, incorporate the hashed turkey, draw the saucepan to the corner of the range, and serve it hot, without letting it boil, To send to table, turn the hash out on a dish and surround it with a border of fried bread or poached eggs.

I profit by the occasion to tell you just how is the best way to poach eggs.

Poached Eggs.—Put salted water, acidulated with a little vinegar, in a saucepan over a slow fire. When this water boils withdraw the saucepan to the side of the range, so that the ebullition shall not become too violent. Break perfectly fresh eggs, one after another, above the saucepan, and let them fall cautiously into the boiling water. When they are sufficiently hard take them out gently with a skimmer, watching carefully lest they break; put them to drain on a plate and serve.

Let us talk a little on the important subject of broiling, for which I am very often asked for directions:

I have studied in the writings of practitioners this art of broiling, which is not an inhpiration, as has been said, but really the result of long observation. I admit that the judgment of these gentlemen has not been very edifying. Ten minutes suffice for one to broil the same article for which another requires a quarter of an hour, &c., &c.

When Julius Gouffe wrote his "Cook Book" he made a series of experiments, at the end of which he felt able to declare that on a well-made fire, that is to say, composed of live coals extended on ashes for several inches beyond the gridiron, the bed of the coals being an inch thick for a "strong fire" and half an inch for a "slow fire."

A spare-rib of three-quarters of a pound requires ten minutes over a "strong fire."

A beef-steak of the same weight, seven minutes.

A mutton-cutlet, six minutes.

A mutton kidney, spitted, four minutes.

A veal cutlet, nine minutes.

A mutton-chop, trimmed and breadcrumbled, requires ten minutes over a "slow fire."

He adds that it is a great mistake to spare fuel in broiling; much good meat is lost by being imperfectly cooked, so as to economize a few handfuls of coal, and he is undoubtedly right. In my opinion we can only deduce from all these experiments very useful information, but no *rules.* One acquires from study and observation alone the art of taxing a gridiron from the fire at the exact moment that the cooking is finished.

Centenary of the Steam-Engine.

A writer in *Once a Week* says: "I suppose the engineers of Britain are not forgetting that this is the centenary of the birth of Watt's condensing steam-engine. Before 1769 his invention lay in an embryotic state in his model room; but in April of that year a patent was granted for it, and the world first knew of the tender child which brought poverty to its rearers, but which has grown to a wealthy giant in these latter times, and coined and scattered millions over the world. If Watt and his masterpiece deserve the honors that have been poured upon them, then have they a right to some commemorative recognition during this, the hundredth year of the engine's life, and one naturally looks to the profession to take the initiative. We are glad of an excuse for crowning the bust of a poet or for celebrating the birth of a musician, let us not be backward in honoring the memory and the works of him who, as Brougham modestly inscribed on Chantrey's statute, enlarged the resources of his country, increased the power of man, and rose to an eminent place among the real benefactors of the world. This year, too, is the fiftieth since the death of Watt. It is also the centenary of the birth of his son, James Watt the younger, and of many a great man besides. Humboldt, Cuvier, the first Brunel, Wellington, Marshalls Soult and Ney, and Sir Thomas Lawrence were all born in 1769. Arkwright's spinning-jenny patent bears the same date. Truly, as a commemorative year, 1869 is remarkable."

AS AN object of interest we republish the last editorial of the editor of the *Times*, printed but a few hours before his death:

Making all due allowance for the necessity which rests on the *Sun*, as a new paper struggling for notoriety, of being intensly personal, it seems to be rather overdoing the business when it charges that Mr. Seward is preparing to run for the Presidency by his tour to the Pacific. If there is such a thing as earning an exemption from personal abuse, by faithful public service, one would suppose that Mr. Seward had earned it. The whole of a long life and abilities, such as few men possess, have been given to the service of the country.

There will be, of course, as there always have been, differences of opinion as to the soundness of his views and the wisdom of his acts; but the fact that the former have always been adopted, and that the latter have always secured the welfare of the country, goes very far towards vindicating both from hostile criticism. And during his whole career the integrity of his conduct, and the purity of his motives have never been impugned. He has nearly reached the close of a long life, and seeks relief from an overworked physical and mental nature in the occupations and enjoyments of extended travel. No one can doubt that the sudden transition from incessant occupation in public affairs to the entire seclusion of private life, would be more or less irksome and trying to a man of Mr. Seward's active and energetic temper, and nothing is more natural than that he should seek to relieve it by such a tour as that upon which he has just entered. It seems rather hard that he cannot be allowed to do even that without having it attributed to motives of selfish and unworthy ambition.

Cannot the *Sun* find sufficient scope for its ill-nature, and a stimulus to public curiosity adequate to its necessities, in its attacks upon General Grant and the new Administration? That is a legitimate field for its journalistic enterprise, and ought, in the present state of public feeling, to satisfy even its exacting and lofty ambition. At all events it can afford to allow so old and so deserving a statesman as Mr. Seward to pass his remaining years in such private pursuits as best suit his taste, without being dogged at every step by malicious personal slurs.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
JUST RECEIVED
BY
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
Latest Shapes Neapolitan and Cactus Hats and Turbans.
Hair Bonnets, Leghorn Sun Hats, Sea Breeze Hats.
Choice French Flowers.
Ribbons, in all colors and widths.
Colored Crapes, Illusions, Laces.
Bonnet and Hat Frames.
Black and Colored Satins.
Fans, Silk, Palm, Linen and Perfumed Fans.
Kid Gloves; in all the new shade; No. 5½ to 8.
Domestic and Fine Cotton Hose, new lines.
Hamburg Embroideries.
Embroidered Linen Sets.
Lace and Lace Goods.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, a full assortment.
Dress Trimmings.
Black and Colored Knotted Fringes.
Buttons, of every description.
Hoop Skirts.
Fine French Corsets.
At the Very Lowest Prices,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
je12

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
Silk Fans,
Linen and Palm Leaf Fans,
New Japanese Fans.
SILK PARASOLS, all the New Styles.
WHITE GOODS,
A Beautiful Line.
SUMMER BOULEVARD SKIRTS
At Reduced Prices.
New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,
In Paper and Linen.
CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MUSLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
COTTON HOSIERY
Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
78 & 80 Market Street.
je9

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle.
Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH 8

REVOLVING HORSE HAY RAKES.
A large lot just received and for sale at lowe market price. W. W. KNOX,
my29:j98-8TTH

DRY GOODS.
OPEN THIS MORNING!
BLACK AND BROWN
SILK SUN UMBRELLAS.
COTTON SUN UMBRELLAS,
AT 37½ CENTS.
SILK PARASOLS,
At Very Low Prices.
SUMMER STYLES
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S
HATS, BONNETS & FRAMES.
RIBBONS AND FLOWERS.
EXTRA QUALITY
Ladies' White Cotton Stockings,
AT 12½ CENTS PER PAIR.
LADIES' KID GLOVES,
AT 75 CENTS PER PAIR.
FULL SIZE
Ladies' White Tucked Muslin Skirts,
AT ONE DOLLAR.
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.
NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh23:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

DRY GOODS.
GOOD BARGAINS.
YARD WIDE FINE ALPACAS,
AT 25 CENTS.
YARD WIDE FINE ALPACAS,
AT 30 CENTS.
ALL COLORS.
NEW ASSORTMENT OF
FINE BLACK ALPACAS,
Black Mohair Lustres,
BLACK TAMESE CLOTH.
Black Wool Delaines, &c., &c.
GREY AND TAN LINENS,
For Ladies' Suits.
PLAIN AND FIGURED LAWNS,
At Very Low Prices.
All Departments of the House will be kept well supplied with New Goods, daily arriving,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 *FIFTH AVENUE,*
je12
NEW CARPETS.
FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24:d&wT

MAY 18, 1869.
BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS.
WINDOW SHADES,
AND
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
New Stock Just Received.
LOWEST PRICES EVER OFFERED.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
my19 (Second Floor).

ICE.
ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:j10

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, June 21, 1869.

CATTLE.

There was again a full supply of Cattle on sale to-day, 784 head, and with no outside buyers and the demand confied entirely to supplying the butchers, the market was very sluggish, and up to eleven o'clock there were quite a number unsold, and we suppose that about six car loads would have to be taken over to the Central Yards to find purchasers. Prices, compared with last week, are down fully a quarter, and for some grades a half, and it is generally believed that the bottom has not yet been touched. The consumption of fresh meat, as is nearly always the case at this season of the year, is falling off materially, as people, generally are buying more fruits and vegetables, and less meat. It is a fact that meat is now the most costly item in market, and it must come down in price; everything else is shrinking in value and there is no reason why meat should be an exception. There is no scarcity of Cattle, and all the markets will be flooded within the next thirty days, at least this is the general expectation.

Of the Cattle on sale to-day, 22 cars were from Chicago; 2 from Cincinnati; 3 from Fort Wayne; 2 from Indianapolis; 5 from Mastield (Ohio;) 1 from Youngstown; 2 from Lima, and one each from Bellair, Shreve and Canton.

As already intimated, prices are lower than last week, from a quarter to half a cent, and we now quote prime to extra fat smooth steers at 7¾@8, with some few fancy sold at 8¼.

L. Rothchilds 18 Chicago steers, at 7¼@7¾; 14 Butler Co. steers and heifers for Sheitemantle, at 6@7.

Kraus & Haas 48 head Penna. and Chicago, at 5¾@8.20.

Keefer & Rothchilds 20 head Chicago steers, at 6@7.

P. Hartman 35 Chicago steers, at 7¼@8.

M. Verner 34 do steers, at 7¼@8¼.

Traurman & Lobman 40 Chicago steers, at 7@7¾; 20 head (Ohio) for E. H. Davis, at 6@7.

S. Marks & Bro. 64 Chicago steers, at 6¼@8¼.

Jacob Needy 54 Ohio steers, at 7@8.

Lowensteine & Lobman 18 Chicago steers, at 7¼@8¼; 16 head Washington Co. steers, at 5¾@7.

Greenwald & Kahn 40 Chicago steers, at 7¼@8; 19 head Ohio steers, at 6¼@7½.

L. & J. Shamberg 40 head mixed stock, at 5@7¾.

Carr & McAllester 45 head Ohio cows and heifers, at 5½@7½.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 100 head Ohio and Illinois cattle, at 6@8.

Smith & Blue 18 head Missouri steers, at an average of 7@7½.

Hedges & Taylor sold 45 Kentucky cattle, at 6¾@7¾.

Carr & McAllister sold 19 head Western Reserve cows heifers and steers, for Thrasher, at 5½@7½.

W. C. Trasher sold two fresh cows, at $50 per head.

Jas. Hanlin 11 head Washington Co. cows and steers, at 5@6¾.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 167 head mixed stock, at 5@7¾—100 head drove over.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

There was a full supply of Sheep on sale and the market was unusually dull; all grades ruled lower, though, as might be expected, the decline was more marked in the common and inferior kinds. There was considerable inquiry for good fat lambs and all of this kind were sold at pretty good prices. Stakely & Bro. sold 21 at $4,50 per head, and there were other small bunches sold at from $2,50@3,50 and down to $1,50 per head. Sheep may be quoted at from 3 to 5 cts per pound, and it takes something extra to bring over 5 cts.

John Walters sold 60 sheep at 2@3¼ per head.

Emerick & Co. 116 commonish sheep at 3¼@3½.

Adam Eckert 75 at 1,87@3,65; 150—owned by Sargeant—left over.

Stakely & Bro. 80 sheep and lambs at $2½@4½.

M. Flinner 75 Butler Co. sheep and lambs, very common, at 1¾@2½.

P. Shietmantle 120; J. Shaw, 100; W. Young, 95—up to 10 A. M. nearly all unsold.

Johnathan Davis sold 16 lambs at 3¼, and 150 sheep at $1¼@3½ per head.

J. F. Neely sold 145 common to prime at 3@5 cts per pound.

Garwin & Co. 85, at an average of $2,85 per head.

HOGS.

Continue dull but without important change; may be quoted in a retail way at 9¼@10½. Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold to Rothchild 32 weighing 5,530, at 8½.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Cotton is heavy and lower; 900 bales at 33¼@33½c. Flour firmer and in good demand: receipts 15,345, sales 21,500 bbls at $4,90@5,40 for superfine State and western; $6,15@7 for common to choice extra State; $5,90@6,65 for do extra western; $6,50@7,25 for good to choice white wheat extra; $6.15@6,85 for common to choice Round Hoop Ohio; $6,50@7,50 for common to fair extra St. Louis; $8@11 for good to choice do, closing firm; included in the sales were 15,600 bbls for speculation and export, extra western at $6@6,40, and extra State at $6,60@6,65 June and July delivery; Oregon flour quiet at $8@9,75; California quiet and steady; 300 bbls at $6,35@9,00. Rye flour quiet; 250 bbls at $4,25@6,25. Corn Meal in fair request; 800 bbls at $4 for State, and $4,60 for Brandywine. Whisky dull at $1,03@1,03¼ for western free. Wheat more active and a shade firmer with a brisk export demand; receipts 173,655; sales 172,000 bus largely to arrive; $1,45@1,47 No. 2 spring; $1,50@1,52 for No. 1 do; $1,50 for winter red western; $1,58@1,59 for amber Michigan; $1,67 for white Michigan; $1,70 for white California. Rye quiet. Barley and barley malt continue dull and nominal. Corn; sales of 79,030 bush at one cent better; closing dull; sales of 47,000 bush at 61@87c for new mixed western via canal; 83@89c for do via rail; 85@89c for white western; receipts of 31,836 bush. Oats dull; sales of 24,000 bush at 76½c for western in store; 77½@78c for do afloat. Stock of grain in warehouse: wheat, 528,836 bush, including 444,000 bush California. Corn, 218,851 bush. Oats, 631,421 bush. Rye, 94,477 bush. Barley, 168 bush. Malt, 107,876 bush. Peas, 35,414 bush. Rice steady; sales of 100 tierces Carolina at 8½@8¾c. Coffee steady; sales of 400 bags Laguayra at 17@18¼c, gold. Sugar unchanged. Molasses dull and nominal. Petroleum quiet; 16c for crude, 31c for refined. Hops quiet at 6@14c for American. Linseed oil dull at $1,02@1,03. Pork quiet and steady; sales of 900 bbls at $32,87@$33 for new mess, $32,50 for old do., $26,00@26,75 for prime, and $28,37@28,50 for prime mess; also, 750 bbls new mess, seller, and buyer July at $33,00@33,37. Beef quiet and steady, with sales of 110 bbls. Tierce Beef dull; sales of 50 tcs at $20@25 for prime mess, and $26@30 for India mess. Beef Hams steady, with sales of 60 bbls at $30,00@31,50. Cut Meats firm; sales of 170 pkgs at 13@14¼c for shoulders, 15¼@17¼c for hams; middles firm, with sales of 40 bxs short ribbed and Stratford at 16¾c. Lard dull; sales of 350 tcs at 18@20c for steam, and 20@20¼c for kettle rendered; sales of 250 tcs steam, buyer July, on private terms. Butter steady at 20@34c for Ohio, and 30@36c for State. Cheese dull and heavy at 11@18¾c. Turpentine weak at 41½@42c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firmer; wheat per sail 6¼@6¾d.

Latest—The Flour market closed a shade firmer for low grades with an active export demand; sales at $6,10@6,40 for extra western; $6,25@6,50 for extra State. Wheat firmer and active at $1,40@1,41 for No. 3; $1,46@1,48 for No. 2 and $1,52@1,53 for No. 1 Spring. Rye quiet and nominally unchanged. Oats dull at at 77@77½c for western afloat. Corn dull and heavy at 61@70c for unsound; 75@86c for canal; 82@88c for railroad. Pork dull and heavy at $32,90@33 for mess. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut meats very firm with a fair demand. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard dull at 19¾@20c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Eastern Exchange 1-10 premium selling and 1-10 off buying. Flour quiet and firm at $5@6,25 for spring extras. Wheat firm and active; sales No. 1 at $1,21@1,23; No. 2 advanced 2@2¼c; sales at $1,19¼@1,22¼, closing at $1,22¼@1,22½; this afternoon firm at $2,14 for No. 2. Corn moderately active and firm; No. 1 advanced 2@2½c, with sales at 66@66¾c; No. 2 advanced 3¼@3½c, with sales at 65½@66½c; rejected 57@59c; no grade 52@55c, closing steady at 66¼@66½c for No. 2; this afternoon active at 67c for No. 2. Oats quiet, firm and 1½@1¾c higher; sales No. 2 at 61½@62¼c, closing at 61½@61¾c. Rye firm and ¼@1c higher; sales No. 1 at $1@1,01, and sample lots at 99c, closing at $1,01. Barley dull and nominal at $1,20 for No. 2 in store. Highwines quiet and steady at 95c. New Orleans Molasses at 95@$1. Sugar 13¾@14¾ for fair to choice. Mess Pork; buyers and sellers apart in views, $33,50 offered and $33,75 asked. Lard firm and quiet at 19¼@19½. Sweet Pickled Hams firm at 15½@16¼. Dry Salted Shoulders firmer at 12¾@13 for loose. The receipts for the past forty-eight hours were 4,393 barrels of flour, 84,386 bushels of wheat, 143,642 bushels of corn, 31,692 bushels of oats, 2,752 bushels of rye, 700 bushels of barley and 3,273 hogs. The shipments for the same time were 9,050 barrels of flour, 45,052 bushels of wheat, 196,403 bushels of corn, 7,626 bushels of oats, 2,6 645 bushels of rye, 750 bushels of barley, 6,183 hogs. Freights quiet and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, June 21.—Tobacco in good demand and unchanged rates. Cotton, nothing doing. Hemp very dull: sales of undressed at $1.25@1,40 for prime to strictly prime. Flour dull, weak and 15@25c lower on medium and low grades; sales of spring superfine at $4@4,15, extra $4,65@5,00, double extra $5,25@6,00. Wheat dull, unchanged for fall, and active and higher for spring; No. 2 spring $1,12@1,13½, choice do $1,15@1,16, No. 1 $1,17@1,18. Corn firm; mixed 58@60c in bulk, 69@70c in sacks, choice white 80@81c. Oats dull at 62@64c. Rye in demand and higher at $1,05@1,06. Provisions stiff. Mess Pork is held higher; sales at $33,75@34,00. Bacon: shoulders are held at 14½c packed; clear rib sides, 18c; clear sides, 18½c. Canvassed sugar cured hams, 21c. Lard firm at 19½@20c for choice steam. Whisky firm at 96c. Cattle quiet and unchanged at 3½@7c for common to choice. Hogs 7@9c. Receipts—flour 4,336 bbls, wheat 19,644 bus, corn 18,462 bus, oats 18,280 bus, rye 1,060 bus.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—Flour steady; family $5,50@5,75. Wheat scarce and higher, closing at $1,25@1,30; the demand was quite light, but the offerings were hardly equal to the demand. Corn unchanged; ear 62@63c; shelled 63@64c; white 65@66c. Rye scarce and advanced to $1,30. Oats 68@72c and the market steady. Cotton firm at 32c for middling. Whisky firm at 96c. Mess pork was offered more freely to-day and 11,200 bbls sold at $33. Bulk meats held at 13@16c for shoulders and sides loose; 50,000 lbs shoulders sold at 13¼c packed. Bacon firm at 14½, 17¾@18¼c, but only small sales. Lard quiet at 19½c. Butter steady at 24@28c for Ohio; Western Reserve 2c higher. Eggs 15@16c. Groceries unchanged and quiet. Linseed oil dull at $1,03@1,05. Lard oil $1,42@1,47. Petroleum dull at 28@29c for refined. Cheese dull at 14@17c. Gold 137 buying. Exchange dull at ⅛@1-10 per cent. discount buying. Money market close.

CLEVELAND, June 21.—Flour; city made treble extra white, $8,75; double extra amber, $7,50@7,75; double extra red winter, $6,75; extra red winter, $5,75; double extra spring, $6,25; common brands range as follows: double extra white at $7,25@8; double extra red and amber at $6@7; double extra spring at $6@6,50. Wheat; market firmer and better; No. 1 red is held at $1,34@1,35, and No. 2 do. at $1,24@1,25. Corn steady and quiet, but closes firmer, at 70@71c for No. 1 mixed, and 68c for No. 2 do. Oats steady and moderately firm at 65c for No. 1 State. Rye is quiet and nominal. Barley is dull and nominal. Petroleum; market unsettled, nominal and unchanged for refined, and standard white is held at 28c for July and August; crude is dull and lower, and held at $6.

MILWAUKEE, June 21.—Flour quiet, firm and unchanged. Wheat firm at $1,25 for No. 1, and $1,21¼ for No. 2. Oats steady at 59c for No. 2. Corn nominal. Rye nominally unchanged. Barley quiet and steady at $1,15 for good in bags. Grain freights lower; wheat to Buffalo 8¼c, and to Oswego 13½c. Receipts—2,000 bbls flour, 111,000 bus wheat, 3,000 bus oats. Shipments—7,000 bbls flour, 102,000 bus wheat, 1,000 bus oats.

TOLEDO, June 21.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat steady and moderately active; amber $1,36@1,36¼; for No. 1 white $1,55; for No. 2 amber $1,22; for No. 2 red $1,25. Corn—No. 1 advanced 1½c; sales at 69½c; No. 2 66c; yellow 71c; rejected 58c. Oats unchanged and moderately active at 64c. Rye in demand at $1. Barley nominal. Receipts—flour 3,700 bbls, wheat 11,900 bu, corn 16,700 bu, oats 2,200 bu. Shipments—flour 2,000 bbls, wheat 5,700 bu, corn 20,000 bu, oats 7,000 bu, rye 400 bu.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Flour favors buyers; western $5,50; extra $5,75@7,00, family $7,50@8,25. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn dull and lower; white 93@95c; yellow 84@87c. Oats unchanged. Mess Pork firm at $34. Bacon firm; rib sides 18@18¼c; clear rib 18¼@18¾c; shoulders 15¼c; hams 21@22c. Lard firm at 20@20¼c. Whisky firm and scarce at $1,03@1,04.

LOUISVILLE, June 21.—Flour quiet and firmer; sales of superfine at $4,25. Grain steady, red wheat $1,30, white $1,35. Corn 70c. Oats 70c. Rye $1.20. Leaf tobacco quiet; sales of 136 hhds at $5,50@12,75. Provisions held higher; mess pork $33,50; bacon shoulders 14¾c, clear rib 18¼c, clear sides 18¾c, sugar cured hams 19¼c. Lard 19¾c for tierce. Highwines steady at 96c.

MEMPHIS, June 21.—Cotton quiet, firm and unchanged; receipts, 200; exports, 950 bales. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat; No. 1 at $1,35. Corn at 92. Oats dull at 76. Hay dull at 26. Bran dull at $18. Cornmeal; fine at $4,25. Pork at $34. Lard firm at 20@21½. Bacon firm; shoulders, 15; sides, 17.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—Flour dull, holders pressing on market; Northwestern extra family $5,75@6,25. Wheat unchanged. Corn less active, high mixed 90c, mixed western 86@88c. Oats steady. Petroleum dull, crude in bulk 16c, refined 30½c.

DETROIT, June 21.—Wheat, receipts light and market 2@3 better for No. 2 white, fair sales extra $1,67; No. 1 1,48@1,50; No. 2 1,27@1,29; No. 1 Amber $1,31. Corn inactive. Oats firm at 65@66c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Live stock heavy. The supply of cattle for the last week, with hot weather now, and the perfectly glutted sheep market, added to the fact that people begin to leave the city for the country, combine to depress. The receipts were 6,190 for the week, but 665 from previous week are not included in the above, also on sale. The supply of to-day is 2,980, of which nearly five hundred remain unsold to-night. The trade was very slow and prices a quarter to a half lower for good fat steers, selling at 15, and fair cattle at 14½, but none are really quotably above 15½c, and from that down to 12c, averaging 14½c. A drove of 100 Illinois steers, 675 cwt., brought 14½@15¼c. One car of 750 cwt. averaged $116 per head. 200 out of 520 of J. T. Alexandnr's cattle, 700 cwt., brought 14½@15¼c. 65 little Texans, 475 cwt., sold at 12½c, while 65 good 700 cwt. Illinois cattle brought $106 each. Illinois gives 5,100 cattle, Texas 400, Kentucky 300. Sheep are extremely depressed, with large receipts, 29,300 for the week, with fresh arrivals to-day of 4,500, but there are large numbers that have been holding for several days; about 6,000 are not in pens to-night, butchers not buying at any price, are full and are offering mutton at 50c@$1 per carcass; the weather is stormy and unfavorable. Sheep are quotable at 4@6½c; very extra 7c; with lambs 8@11c; sales 1 car Pennsylvania Lambs, 54 lbs, 8½c; 75 Kentucky 63 pounds, 11c; twenty picked Indiana Sheep, 96 pounds, 7c; 1 car fat Ohio, 90 pounds, 6¾c; 1 car 80 pounds, 5¾; 1 car 75 pounds, 4¾. Hogs number 20,960 for the week, and 12,885, or 120 cars to-day; weaker in price and selling mostly dressed at 11¾@11½, live 9½@9¾. Three cars of Illinois, from 205 to 214 pounds at 9¾; one car Ohio, 200 pounds, same price.

ALBANY, June 21.—With increased receipts of beeves and a much inferior average quality, there was a decline of ¼@½c, live weight, compared with the prices of last week; the highest price received was 9¼c, live weight, for beeves; sales of 10 fine Illinois, averaging 1,435 pounds, good butchering cattle at 8@8½c, and fancy to good 7½@8c, with sales of about 2,500 head. Sheep are in large supply and there is a falling off in the demand, with the market lame and fully ¼@½c lower. Hogs in fair demand and prices ¼c higher.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—Beef Cattle dull, and declined ¼@½ per pound; sales of 1,540 head at 9@9½ for extra Pennsylvania and western steers, 7@8¼ for fair to good do., 5@6½ gross for common. Sheep lower; sales 12,000 head at 4½@6¼ per pound. Hogs in fair demand and at an advance; sales of 3,400 head at 13@13,50 for slop, 14 per cwt. nett, for corn fed.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Cattle dull and 10@15 lower at 5,50@5,87½ for good cows and Texas steers, 6,35@7,15 for fair to choice shipping beeves. Hogs dull and 10@15 lower at 8,10@8,25 for common.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The weather has been quite stormy and changeable. Business in this department of trade has been very quiet all day, still the market is buoyant for plain cotton goods, especially heavy brown sheetings, which are now quoted at 17c for Indian Head 4-4; 16½ for Wachusetts, Atlantic, Amoskeag A and Clarks; 15¼ for Cabot A, Augusta and Roxbury A. Bleached muslins held firm. Prints inactive, and an effort will be made to advance dark work to 13½.

RIVER NEWS.

The river is rising again under the influence of the recent rains, and last evening the Monongahela marks indicated five feet and the Allegheny marks showed six and a half. Considerable rain fell again yesterday and there may be water enough in a day or two to let ont a portion of the coal fleet.

The Julia from Zanesville and New State from Wheeling are the only arrivals. The former departed as usual and the latter will to-day.

The Wauanita, from St. Louis, is due and will probably be found in port this morning.

Capt. Whittaker announces the R. C. Gray for St. Louis and St. Paul. She has recently been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, and is in first rate condition for business.

The Ida Rees, from Fort Benton, was expected to reach St. Louis yesterday.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* of Saturday says that the Armadillo and Bellevernon had deferred their departure.

—Major Adams, of the Arkansas Packet line, has contracted with Capt. Sam. Hambleton for three river boats for the White and Arkansas river, to be built in Cincinnati.

—Davidson's new hulls from Paducah, have arrived all right at Lacrosse. Work on them is being pushed. The Lacrosse *Democrat* says: "Captain Davidson informs us it is the intention of the company to make these boats more than equal to any on the river, and they certainly should be, for they have got splendid foundations on which to erect graceful and elegant superstructures.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, says: Vague reports having been in circulation that Col. Roberts, to improve the navigation of the Ohio, intended to build a dam across the channel on the Ohio side at the head of the island at Marietta, and thus throw the entire volume of water at a low stage of the river over to the Virginia channel, the City Council of Marietta have taken action opposed to the scheme.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, June 21.—11 cars pig iron, Nimick & Co; 5 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Dilworth & Co; 2 do do, Graff, Byers & Co; 1 do do, Loomas & Collars; 2 do do, Superior Iron Mills; 96 bxs cheese, W J Braden; 12 do do, S Ewart & Co; 1 car lumber, D Hershnan & Co; 19 green hides, G N Hoffstott; 50 doz rakes, 16 bxs cheese, J D Dilworth 15 bxs cheese, E Hazleton; 10 do do, R Robison 10 do do, L J Blanchard; 26 do do, J B Canfield; 15 do do, W Riddle; 37 do do, Woodworth & Davison; 12 do do, W H Davison 2 cases mdse, J Cochran & Co; 100 doz hdls, Klein, L & Co; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 48 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co; 2 cars ear corn, D Wallace; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & L; 30 bdls spokes, Thos Hare & Bro; 4 bbls eggs, 4 kgs apple butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 45 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co; 4 bbls eggs, Little & Baird; 11 bgs barley, McHenry & Hood; 99 sks oats, J Glenn; 25 do do, H Schnelbach; 2 cars stone, S Long; 22 bdls hides, Jas Dennison; 6 doz riddles, J Woodwell & Co; 250 pigs lead, Excelsior, F G Co; 78 bdls hides, G Hoffstott; 22 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, June 21. — 1 car staves, Kober; 3 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Works; 7 tcs hams, J H Parker; 200 bdls fellows, Forrester, C & K; 50 bdls brooms, H McElroy; 1 car oats, Russell & Bro; 10 bbls whisky, W H Bennett & Co; 2 tcs beef, 1 do bacon, Mills & Son; 2 do do, Porterfield & Co; 20 bbls flour, McHenry & H; 15 bbls eggs, F G Craighead; 2 hhds shoulders, Geo Mitchell; 10 cases, 10 tcs lard, W B Hays & Son; 10 do do, E Heazleton; 28 do do, W L Jones; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & L; 4 cars staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 do do, C Albert; 2 do do, W Hastings.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 21.—2 cars pig iron, Brown & Co; 2 do do Marshall & Co; 1 do do, H Woodsides 1 do bark, Loppe & Son: 2 do stone, Merrick & G; 2 do lime, D L Reynolds; 3 do grain, Martin B & Co; 84 g c hides, 2 bdls dry do, 5 bbls tallow, 1 do apples, Munhall & M; 1 car stone Harrison & Co 1 do do, Henderson & Bro; 3 do railroad iron, P C & St L R R; 4 do limestone, Sheenberger & B; 16 sks corn, Keil & Ritchart; 20 bbls eggs, consignees.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 21.—11 cars blooms, Nimick & Co; 698 cakes copper, 9 masses do, Hussey & Co; 1 car lumber, G A Mardorff; 250 sks barley, Pier D & Co; 1 car stone, Graff & K; 1 do do, P Wolf; 1 do oats, Keil & R; 25 bxs cheese, Graff & Co; 20 do do, Woodworth & D; 32 sks oats, Head & M; 42 bales cotton, Childs & Co; 173 pcs pipe, Wood & Co; 303 sks oats, J & W Fairley; 19 bbls hams, R D Clark.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 21.—4 cars cooperage, Ralya & R; 1 do do, C Pemberton; 1 do do, J M Hemphill; 1 do lime, J Abdell; 1 do metal, Lindsay & M 21 rolls leather, J Callery; 1 car metal, Spang, C & Co; 6 bbls varnish, A A Brockett; 10 tcs hams, R & A Carson; 2 do do, G F Comley; 1 car wheat Kennedy & Bro.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer
R. C. GRAY.....Capt. ISAAC WHITTAKER,
Will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY, 23d inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents
je22 or GHRIEST, SWANEY & CO., Agents.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer
WAUANITA.....Capt. C. A. DRAVO,
Will leave for the above ports on THURSDAY, the 25th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK or
je22 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
ap13 Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.
70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building,
Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANKRUPTCY PLAYED OUT!

$2.00.—THIS CARD entitles the bearer, on presentation, to TWO DOLLARS abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

S. C. TRAUERMAN,

ORIGINAL BIG NUMBER 11,

Sixth Street, late St. Clair.

Nobody beat by this establishment, but fair dealing to all! Call and be convinced. All clothing plainly marked by printed cards, at

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

So that no one may be deceived. Remember the place, original big number 11, SIXTH STREET, late St. Clair.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS OF THIS!

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

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TAGGART & SIMEN,

RETAIL

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

AT

Wholesale Prices.

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SEWARD, BENTLEY'S CONSTITUTION BITTERS. The best Tonic in use

A PERFECT CURE

For Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Jaundice, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N Y Sold by all Druggists.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale
J. B. CANFIELD,

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS

FOR THE

SALE OF PROPERTY

AT THE

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Sealed propoosals will be received at the Treasury Department, until THURSDAY, the first day of JULY, at 12 o'clock M, addressed to the General Superintendent, Treasury Buildings, for the sale of the following property:

First class paper machine, built by John L. Seaverns, Worcester, Mass.

1 66-inch Fourdrinier machine, screen vat, and all necessary fixtures complete.

3 patent suction boxes.

First and second press rolls made of brass; six (6) dryers.

3 calendar rolls with three (3) winders, with size box attached.

1 set of slitters and size rolls.

1 laboy and all necessary shafting and hangers complete, with belting and gearing attached to same.

1 paper calendar with five (5) rolls, belting, and all necessary fixtures.

2 beating engines, 42 inch knives, two (2) washers to each, and all necessary shafting and belting complete.

5 hydraulic presses for pressing paper, with pump and pipe attached.

1 new felt for dryers.

1 tuff chest with pulleys and shafting complete

2 large bleach tubs, and four (4) drainers.

3 rotary pumps.

2 double acting pumps with 90 feet galvanized pipe.

1 large rotary bleach of iron.

1 steam engine and boiler, thirty (30) horse power.

1 steam engine and boiler, fifteen (15) horse power, "Woodruff & Beach."

Bids will be made separately for paper machines, steam engines with boilers and rotary bleach.

Bids will be recieved for all or any portion of the following articles:

1 steam engine with portable boiler, (35 horse power,) all necessary connections and pipes attached.

1 steam engine with boiler, (55 horse power,) connections and pipes attached.

16 hydraulic pumps, frames, connections, supply boxes, and pipes attached.

4 upright walking beam engines four (4) hydraulic pumps to each, all necessary pipes attached.

1 toe engine and boiler ten (10) horse.

1 hydraulic ram, valves and connections.

53 hydraulic presses.

1 boiler thirty (30) horse.

1 Root engine and boiler (10) horse.

1 steam engine six (6) horse, and upright boiler.

1 donkey pump "Woodward."

1 steam engine fifty-five (55) horse, (new.)

2 steam engines, each four (4) horse.

1 cancelling machine.

1 mucilage machine.

1 numbering machine.

1 small hand wheel.

1 Darner press

1 "Little Giant" engine and boiler, thirty (30) horse.

2 envelope machines and cutter belonging to same.

2 paper mills, complete.

3 Bozard's ink mills.

Cast iron plates, a large quantity.

6 large Gordon presses.

6 small Gordon presses.

1 cancelling machine.

36 old hydrostatic press tops, about 3,400 pounds each

100 press columns, (wrought iron) 600 pounds each.

Quantity of old cast-iron pipes.

Quantity of scrap iron.

75 casks resin.

19 casks alum.

17 tierces and 4 barrels glue.

Quantity of soda ash.

600 pounds of bronze.

Bids will also be received at the same time for waste paper, belonging to the Treasury Department, for one year from July 1, 1869, together with a quantity on hand.

The paper will be selected into two different kinds, white and mixed, together with a quantity of dried pulp now on hand, for which bids will be recely d separately, and the contract awarded to the highest bidder, taken as a whole.

The Department reserves the right to reject all or any portion of the bids received.

All articles to be removed fifteen (15) days after sale.

GEO. C. RICE,

General Superintendent Treasury Buildings.

JUNE 10, 1869. jn17:j53

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, June 15, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS for grading, paving and curbing 48th street, from Butler street to the Allegheny river;

Beach alley, from Pride to Miltenberger street,

Spring alley, from 21st to 25th street.

Spruce alley, from 24th to 25th street.

Liberty street, from Haslett street to the Pike.

Sixteenth street, from Pike street to Bridge.

St. Patricks alley, from Marion to Miltenberger.

Liberty street, from 31st to 33d street.

Penn street, from 31st to 33d street.

Also, for laying a clay pipe sewer (2) two feet in diameter, on Fourth avenue, from Smithfield street to Cherry alley, will be received at this office until TUESDAY, June 22d, 1869.

Blanks for bidding and specifications can be had at this office.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, and no bill considered unless made out on blanks from this office.

H. J. MOORE,
je15:k42 CITY ENGINEER.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, the 28th day of June, 1869, for furnishing Material and Paving Chestnut alley, between Fourth and Sixth streets, in the Borough of South Pittsburgh. Bidders will state price per yard for the work complete; the kind and quantity of gravel and stone used to be of the best for the work. The work to be done under the direction of the Borough Regulator and to be approved by Council.

The Borough authorities reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Particulars furnished on application to J. W. PATTERSON, Regulator, or
J. H. ROBERTS, Burgess.
South Pittsburgh, June 16, 1869.
je18:FMTW

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, June 28, 1869, for Street Markers for all streets between Manor street and the Monongahela river; also for Metalic Numbers for the houses on all streets between Manor and Water and the Monongahela bridge and Sixth street, in the borough of South Pittsburgh, the bids to include putting the Markers and Numbers up.

The borough authorities reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

The work to be done under the direction of the borough authorities, and to be approved by Council.

Particulars furnished on application to
J. H. ROBERTS,
Burgess.
SOUTH PITTSBURGH, June 16, 1869.
je18:FMTW

WOOD TURNING, SCROLL SAWING, AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.
my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:h4

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,
my21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.	Arrive.	Arrive.	Depart from Allegheny.
Chicago Ex.... 3:08 a m	Chicago Ex.. 1:58 a m	Bea'r Falls Ac. 8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac.. 6:58 am
Erie & Y'gn Ex. 7:38 a m	Chicago Ex. 12:03 p m	Leetsdale " 10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls " 8:28 am
Cl. & Wh'g Ex 6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex 10:48 a m	" 11:58 a m	New Castle " 10:23 am
Chicago Mail. 6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex 7:08 p m	Rochester " 1:28 p m	Enon " 9:13 am
Chicago Ex... 9:33 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail 4:08 p m	Enon " 3:58 p m	Leetsdale " 1:08 pm
Chicago Ex... 2:23 p m	Cleveland Ex 3:53 p m	Leetsdale Acc. 5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls " 2:43 pm
W'e & Erie Ex 4:38 p m	Erie & Y'g'n Ex 5:38 p m	Bea'r Falls " 6:13 p m	Leetsdale " 4:33 pm
	Cl. & Wh'g Ex 6:53 p m	Leetsdale " 10:43 p m	" 7:23 pm
		Fair Oaks Sunday Church. 1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday church. 9:58 am

2:23 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily.
12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. M. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
J. N. M'CULLOUGH, Gen'l Supten't.
my10

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD,

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, June 14th, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIV IN PITTSBURGH
Day Ex..... 8:00 a m	Day Ex..... 5:15 p m
Night Ex..... 7:30 p m	Night Ex..... 6:30 a m
Brady's B Ac 3:05 p m	Brady's B Ac 10:15 a m
Freeport Ac 9:40 a m	1st Soda W'ks 7:40 a m
2d Soda W'ks 6:30 p m	Freeport Ac. 6:15 p m
1st Hulton... 6:45 a m	1st Hulton... 8:50 a m
2d Hulton...12:00 m	2d Hulton... 2:00 p m
3d Hulton... 11:00 p m	3d Hulton... 1:05 p m
Arnold's Ac. 5:00 p m	Arnold's Ac. 7:40 p m

Church train to and from Soda Works leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors,

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

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GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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By the week 15	Three mos 75	10 " " 1.15
(fromcarrier.)		and one to Agent.

TUESDAY, JUNE 22, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.

SHERIFF,
HUGH S. FLEMING

TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.

CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.

COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Pennsylvania News, Clippings. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Earm, Garden and Household.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅝.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 47½f.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 137⅛.

THE Pittsburgh *Post* came to us yesterday in a beautiful new dress, looking as bright and handsome as any of its friends could desire. Under the management of Messrs. BARR, SCHOYER, LARE and MYERS the representative and able champion paper of the Democracy for this end of the State has daily grown better and more prosperous.

IN SATURDAY'S GAZETTE we devoted considerable space to the very important subject of smoke consumption, and since then we have learned that a meritorious invention has been patented by a skillful Pittsburgh mechanic, and those who have examined into its philosophy believe it will fully accomplish the greatly desired object to be attained. Its inventor is Mr. GEORGE STAMM, who is now engaged at the pattern shops of the Atlas Works in manufacturing furnaces for steam and salt generating, as well as puddling furnaces. Inasmuch as the valued invention is secured by letters patent, and many are sanguine of its success, those of our manufacturers interested in the matter should call and examine into its claims for their consideration.

WEARILY the Irish Church Bill drags its length through the House of Lords. The debates, as far as we can judge from the texts furnished, have developed no brilliancy in oratory, no statesmanlike ability on the part of the aristocratic peers. Those who oppose the reform do so with fear and caution. They cannot blind their eyes to the fact that the people are disturbed on the question; that revolution lurks in the popular heart and that some heed must be paid the popular clamor. It now seems probable that the bill will be passed, retaining the disestablishment feature but stripping away the disendowment provision. It is hardly probable that this half measure will satisfy public expectation, or that the clamor will be mollified in any wise by its adoption.

A SUGGESTION.

All men in this Commonwealth, who know any thing about public matters, understand that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, on the one part, and the major part of the business men of Pittsburgh and vicinity, on the other part, do not hold the most amicable relations towards each other. It is not our purpose to detail either the manifest or conjectural causes of this estrangement, but to suggest a measure by which they may, to some good degree, at least, be removed.

At present the management of the Company is located exclusively at Philadelphia. No one of its officers or agents here have authority to hear and decide upon suggestions or appeals. If a Vice-President or General Superintendent should be stationed here; one not only wise in railway management, but discreet and skillful in his intercourse with men; and fortified with a liberal measure of discretionary power, held somewhat subject to consultation with and direction from, the main office, valuable results, both to the Company and to the people of these municipalities, might be readily accomplished.

With the acquisition of the Fort Wayne Road, the trunk line which extends between Philadelphia and this city, here become bifurcated, one branch reaching Chicago and the other Cincinnati and St. Louis. This consolidation of interests renders it the more desirable that there should be constantly here an officer with ample discretionary authority to deal with citizens for the adjustment of all questions now raised or which may hereafter come up.

We make this suggestion deferentially, but not doubting that it is worth considering, and that the adoption of it would lead to good consequences all round.

SOLDIER'S MONUMENT.

So far as we can learn there is nearly a universal disappointment and dissatisfaction with the determination of the Ladies Monument Association to erect the Monument in the Cemetery. The Cemetery is a place for private monuments, not for *public*. The adornments are such as the varied tastes and circumstances of the lot-owners suggest. The visitors to a Cemetery expect to find there only the tokens of private grief and private or family manifestations of respect for their dead. A monument designed to commemorate a historical event, or outburst of national patriotism, is quite a different affair. The Equestrian Statue of WASHINGTON is in Union Park, New York, not in Greenwood Cemetery. So with the Battle Monument of the same city. The Battle Monument commemorative of the War of 1812, at Baltimore, is in the middle of Calvert street, widened to accommodate it; the great WASHINGTON Monument of the same city is in the centre of two cross streets, with four miniature parks improvised on the adjacent grounds. But our Pittsburgh ladies seem to prefer seclusion and retirement, as though fearful the work of their hands—the fruit of the public benefactions intended to commemorate the virtues and the patriotism of those who gave their lives in behalf of freedom and free institutions, would be seen of men—or looked upon by the vulgar throng. Surely, if such erections have any justification, it is in the lesson they are calculated to teach of a patriotic citizen soldiery and a grateful people.

The ladies who have made this great mistake are among our most worthy and respectable. We feel sure they were perfectly honest and sincere in their preferences. We, nevertheless, insist that, without question, their choice is an offence to the popular judgment—is a great mistake—we hope not irremdiable. The bodies of our dead braves find their fitting repose in the Cemetery. Their mausoleum should be an ever enduring pæan, challenging the attention and reverence of mankind in their marts and thorougfares of daily life, reminding the busy throng that off, in yonder God's acre, are garnered the remains of thousands, once as active and vigorous as we are, whose lives were given, a ransom for our imperilled liberties.

If the Monument is to be of size, design and cost, worthy at all of its object, and of the enthusiasm of the contributors, do not, ladies, we entreat you, conceal it in the shades of a rural Cemetery, but raise it heavenward from some spot accessible to all feet, visible to all eyes. We prefer, the worst of all, the public sites proposed, to its seclusion in the Cemetery.

A POINT WORTHY OF ATTENTION.

For years the tongue of land at the junction of the rivers Allegheny and Monongahela, known as the Point, has been increasing in size until now there exists an area of several acres of made ground, which is about as ugly to look upon as any spot in the city. When Pittsburgh was founded and laid out, it was not supposed that the little village would ever grow to be a thickly populated town. The fields and woods were so near and easy of access that it was not considered necessary to provide a park for the refreshment of tired workers, and as the city grew and encroached farther and farther upon the rural surroundings, nobody seemed to heed the warning until suddenly it was discovered that the forests had disappeared, the fields were covered with houses, and that a park had become a necessity. Every available foot of ground has become covered with houses, and if a park is to be had at all, it must be constructed now, miles from what used to be the outside limits of the city. Such a park, with clumps of forest trees and smooth velvety lawns, through which pleasant drives and paths may wind, would indeed be a delightful addition to Pittsburgh, but it must of necessity be out of the daily reach of the majority of the people who come home tired in the evenings and want a breath of fresh air and a glimpse of green grass and leaves without having to walk miles to obtain the luxury. To many, the Allegheny Commons will be just the place they require, but they are neither large enough nor near enough for all, and this new made ground at the Point, if it were secured by a neat water-wall, and prettily laid out, planted and sodded, would add, we feel certain, a large percentage of pleasure to the lives of many of our citizens, and their wives and children, besides making the first view of Pittsburgh, attained by approaching it by way of the Ohio, indescribably more pleasing. We do not suggest that this shall take the place of a rural park, for it is by no means large enough for that, but it is capable of making a charming oasis in the great black desert of smoke and bricks; a welcome preface to the beautiful suburban park which should come afterwards. At present this ground is lying idle, but it will not long remain so, and if the city does not take it for the purpose we suggest, it will not be long before it is covered with boiler yards or railway depots, and the last chance of securing a veritable lung for Pittsburgh be destroyed.

LAUDABLE RIVALRY.

Some months ago enterprising citizens of St. Louis resolved to make a vigorous effort to change the outlet of grain, throughout the upper portion of the Mississippi Valley, from the railway system centering at Chicago, back into the natural water channel. They not only determined to make the effort, but actually made it, and with such success that the railway managers and grain dealers at Chicago were surprised and alarmed. Their supremacy in the handling and transportatian of cereals was clearly endangered.

The obvious measures of self-protection were a reduction of elevator charges and railway freights. Something in both these directions was speedily accomplished at Chicago; but these abatements of profits were confessions of the peril to which the companies and individuals making them were exposed. The monopoly was manifestly broken. But even these abatements seem to have been insufficient, for efforts at the reduction of charges have been extended over the lakes to the Buffalo elevators, and from thence over both ways of transportation to New Yord.

But the St. Louis men, instead of resting content with what they have already done, have guaranteed the Grain Association of that city against loss in bringing an ocean steamer from New York, and giving her back freight in grain. Upon this basis the experiment will unquestionably be made, and if it shall prove remunerative, regular lines of sea-going steamers will doubtless be established to carry grain from St. Louis to New York.

This is one case of commendable rivalry. Let us look for a moment at another. Ever since the Pacific railways were projected, it has been maintained by their enthusiastic advocates that when they should be completed, the trade with China and India would pass over them. This the ship-owners have denied, and have supported their denials by strong arrays of facts and figures as to the actual and relative cost of transportation by rail and by water, with the interest on the merchandise during the transit. The water communication, though longer, seemed to be so much cheaper as to defy competition. But, yesterday morning there was chronicled in our telegrams the arrival of a considerable invoice of tea at San Francisco, destined for New York by railway.

This by no means settles the point in controversy. It may be that this experimental invoice will not meet the hopes of the owners, and that, enlightened by the result, all merchants will continue to reach China and India by the long way round.

Moreover, if it shall be established that Chinese and Indian goods can be brought across the continent by rail in competition with the customary ocean route, that fact will quicken the construction of a ship canal across the Isthmus.

RECOMPENSE OF LABOR.

Reports which have been current to the effect that the strike of the miners in the anthracite coal fields had terminated, were without foundation. The Miners' Association passed a series of resolutions declaring that in view of two facts—first, that they had measurably accomplished their object by diminishing the overstock of coal in the market—and, second, that a feeling against their movement had been created among the people at large of such intensity that it would probably lead to a repeal of the tax on foreign coal—they were willing to resume work on certain conditions.

In getting up this strike the workmen were clearly and shamefully in the wrong. Their avowed design was, by stopping production, to send up the price of coal in the principal markets, so as to enable them to demand increased compensation. It is altogether doubtful, if they had succeeded in doing exactly what they proposed, whether they would not have entailed a pecuniary loss upon themselves instead of making a gain. As it was, they have spent some weeks in idleness, consuming the savings of months of precious labor; and this is a dead loss. Had they continued the strike for so long a period as to send up the price of coal for the residue of the year, the stronger companies would not have advanced wages, because, in so doing, they would have placed themselves in the wrong before the public, and have created justifying reasons for the repeal of the duty on foreign coal. The policy of Protection ought not to, and will not, be used in this country to shut out foreign competition in order that either capitalists or workmen, by combinations, and may stop domestic competition, and thus extort what rates of compensation they please.

As a matter of political economy, it is doubtless desirable that workmen in all departments of industry should be liberally compensated. But coal enters into general consumption in all the cities and towns. An advance in price sorely touches hundreds of thousands of poor men and women. These poor men are all voters, and outnumber the miners indefinitely. They are mainly workmen, as well as the miners. So that this controversy is largely between two classes of toilers.

While the strike was in full force, the Miners' Association proposed that the men should go to work on the basis of a certain proportion of the coal sent to market; and this proposition was rejected by the proprietors, ostensibly on the ground that to accept it would, in effect, be taking the laborers into partnership with the capitalists.

Without pretending to decide that the proportion of the coal demanded by the miners was the equitable one, we think the basis itself not simply unobjectionable but intrinsically sound. Indeed, that is precisely what is included in the general idea of wages, when reduced to final analysis. Wages always bear a definite proportion to the commodity produced. The plan of making that proportion absolute and immovable is the only point deserving of serious consideration in this case.

Now, we happen to know this proposition, in substance, is not, on the part of the anthracite miners, of recent origin. It has been repeatedly proposed by them, and has sometimes been accepted. No difficulty has resulted from the basis whenever coal has sold high, but when prices have fallen to a low point the miners have uniformly bolted the arrangement, on the plea that they could not maintain their families on what they received. Proprietors have naturally felt that if the workmen received their full shares of the profits when the gains were large, if not inordinate, they ought to suffer a fair proportion of the loss when loss was inevitable. If this conception is not just, we certainly fail to see why it is not. The game of "heads I win; tails you lose," is one which capitalists are no more likely to consent to play, than the men they hire. It workmen insist upon any arrangement with employers that amounts to a virtual partnership, they must make up their minds some years at least to work without wages, just as capitalists have to go, not only without gains, but to bear actual losses.

This condition of affairs in the anthracite counties is represented by eastern journals as decidedly favorable to the bituminous coal interest, in that it creates a new and large demand for soft coal, which is likely to become permanent.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION—A CARD.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Inasmuch as, during the last few weeks, public notiecs have appeared, both in the English and Germau papers published in this city, that the Germans in Pittsburgh and vicinity, as a body, were making preparations to celebrate the coming Fourth of July on Sunday and inasmuch as a report has been in circulation among our American fellow citizens, that German Lutheran congregations, as such, were to take part in said celebration; therefore, the undersigned feel constrained, in the name and by the authority of the congregations they respectively represent, publicly to protest against any and all such publications and reports.

Those, who, in violation of an existing national custom, propose to celebrate the Fourth on Sunday, are not *the* Germans, but only *some* among the Germans, viz: the rationalists, indifferentists and confirmed infidels. These are the men who first inaugurated this deplorable movement, and who now, regardless of that respect due to an established national custom and in defiance of the most earnest remonstrances heard from almost every quarter, seem determined to carry it through. But among the German Evangelical Lutheran congregations in and around Pittsburgh, (six in number,) there is not one that would, under any circumstances, participate in such a celebration.

It is not our intention to investigate the motives that prompt some of our German fellow citizens to contemplate a celebration so very offensive to a large and respectable portion of our population; nor is it our desire to present a detailed statement as to which is the true doctrine concerning the Sabbath—whether the old and stricter view of the Puritan, or the still older, but milder and less vigorous, doctrine taught by Luther and the framers of the Augsburg Confession, to which we adhere, and which even Calvin, the representative of the Reformed (Calvinistic) Churches, subscribed; neither is it part of our object to examine the question in its legal aspect, a duty which properly belongs to those learned in the law, and to whom we will leave it. But we and our congregations, all of whom took especial action on this subject, do hereby publicly and most solemnly protest against celebrating the Fourth of July by the proposed public demonstration and procession.

1. Because we respect the law which makes our American Sunday a day of quiet and rest.

2. Because, as peace-loving and law-abiding citizens, we willingly and cheerfully conform to the time-honored and cherished national customs of our adopted country, and

3. Because, in this land of liberty and equality, we esteem it a sacred duty to avoid, as far as possible, whatever might be calculated to engender hatred and strife among tho different nationalities that have here found a home.

F. W. MILLER, Pastor of First Ger. Ev. Luth. Church, Pittsburgh.
G. A. WENZEL, Pastor of Second Ger. Ev. Luth. Church, Pittsburgh.
C. ENGELDER, Pastor of Third Ger. Ev. Luth. Church, Pittsburgh.
F. A. HERGBERGER, Pastor of St. Pauls Church, E. Birmingham, and Zions Church, Baldwin tp.
F. SCHIEDT, Pastor of Ger, Ev. Luth. Church, Allegheny City.

The following preamble and resolutions were passed by the Pittsburgh Baptist Ministers' Conference on June 21st, 1869:

In view of the serious and increasing disregard of the sanctity and peace of the Sabbath day—and especially in view of the attitude of a portion of our German citizens in their public and defiant resolution to celebrate the approaching National holiday on the Sabbath,

Resolved, That we deem all such demonstrations on the Lord's day virect violations of law and a gross disregard of the right of citizens at large to a quiet and peaceful Sabbath.

Resolved, That we enter our solemn protest against all such lawless and demoralizing demonstrations, and appeal to the Mapors of our respective cities for a firm enforcement of existing laws and regulations designed to protect the community from such evils, and that we pledge to all municipal officers our hearty and united co-operation in the rightful and rigid performance of their duties in this direction.

DEATH BY SUFFOCATION.

Inquest—Testimony—The Verdict.

The Corner's Jury in the case of Miss Emma Lithe, the girl whose death occurred at the St. James Hotel on Sunday morning, from asphyxia, met in the parlor of the hotel at eight o'clock, last evening, when the following testimony was heard:

Dr. T. W. Shaw, sworn—I was called by Mr. Lanahan between twelve and one o'clock on Saturday afternoon to see Miss Lithe; found her in room 37 of the St. James; there was a very strong smell of gas in the room; ascertained that the gas had been escaping; deceased was unconscious; she could not swallow; Dr. Duncan arrived soon after I did; we examined the patient and found the extremities cold; we gave her some brandy and thought she would improve; made another visit at about eleven o'clock Saturday night; found the deceased still unconscious, in which condition she remained until she expired; think she was fifteen or sixteen years of age; Mr. Lanahan was present with deceased nearly all the time until her death; when first saw deceased she was partially disrobed and had one shoe on.

Mr. Tustin testified that he came on the train with deceased; first met her at Altoona; opened conversation with her, and talked with her until we got this side of Greensburg. She wanted me to take her to a hotel; said I would, but at the depot I missed her. I spoke of my mother having been struck by lightning. At Greensburg she said she was not very well. She told me she was going to visit an uncle named Phillips at Sharon.

Dr. Duncan was called and gave testimony similar to that given by Dr. Shaw. He said the deceased, when he arrived at her bedside, was in a comatose state; there was no doubt that the inhalation of gas caused her death. Mr. Lanahan and all connected with the St. James Hotel were most assiduous in their attentions to the girl up to the time of her death.

The porter of the St. James testified to facts connected with the matter, all of which have been published.

Mr. W. C. Furley, the night clerk, testified that the deceased came to the house at half-past ten o'clock Friday night; witness registered her name, and the porter showed her a room; she retired at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Lanahan, proprietor of the St. James, was sworn. He did not see deceased until a quarter before twelve o'clock Saturday; Mrs. Lanahan informed him of the strong smell of gas in the house; he referred to the register and found room 37 occupied, as already stated. Nothing further was elicited by his testimony.

The jury retired, and after a brief conference they returned a verdict to the effect that the death of Miss Lithe was caused by the inhalation of gas.

Mr. Lanahan received a dispatch from the girl's mother, asking if her child was still alive, and stating that she would leave for Pittsburgh on the first train. She had not arrived up to the time at which the inquest was concluded, but will probably reach the city this morning.

The Tennessee Manual Labor College.

Rev. Daniel Wadkins, colored, who represents the Manual Labor College of Tennessee, which has for its object the education of colored men to do and provide for themselves, is in the city soliciting subscriptions to the undertaking from the philanthropic. He bears strong letters of recommendation, and endorsement from Rev. C. G. Finney, of Oberlin College, who says:

"This is to certify my sympathy with, and confidence in the Manual Labor University of Tennessee, represented at present by Rev. Daniel Wadkins. I have examined, with interest and satisfaction, the credentials of Elder Wadkins, heard his plans stated, and have confidence in the success of that enterprise. It ought to succeed. I trust in God to make it a success. If God helps those who endeavor to help themselves, and if Philanthropists will now lend the needed aid, these people will prove themselves capable of managing this school and making it a good blessing. I cannot see that any essential condition of success is wanting in this Manual Labor Institution. The Manual Labor Department of our College failed for most obvious reasons. Our location, our soil, our climate, our plans were all against us. Our College is a great success; our Manual Labor is a failure. The aims, the climate, the location, the plan of the University of Tennessee all seem to guarantee its triumph, if the needed funds are forthcoming. God bless and help them."

Rev. J. H. Fairchild, President of Oberlin College, also endorses the work as one of philanthropy.

At a meeting of preachers, held yesterday in Rev. Clark's Church, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we sympathize with the movement, and with every other that tends towards the elevation and improvement of the colored race of our country.

Resolved, That we will recommend the Institution to the favorable consideration of all our people.

The Normal School Building—Meeting of the Normal School Committee.

A meeting of the Committee appointed by the School Directors of Allegheny county, to take action, in conjunction with similar Committees to be appointed from Beaver and Butler couties, relative to the erection of a Normal School building, met yesterday at ten o'clock, at the Curry Institute, Fifth avenue, and organized by calling F. C. Negley, Esq., to the Chair, and Mr. A. G. Douthett, Secretary.

The Secretary read a communication from the County Superintendent of Butler county, stating that the request to send a committee from that county had not been complied with, for the reason that the Directors had not held a meeting since the request had been made, but that the Committee would be appointed at the first meeting.

A communication from Mr. Fields, Superintendent of the Common Schools of Beaver county, stating that the Committee had been appointed in accordance with the request.

On motion, it was resolved to appoint a Finance Committee of twelve, consisting of the Superintendent of the City Schools, the three County Superintendents and eight citizens.

The entire Committee on Normal Schools from the three counties were constituted a committee to collect money for the purpose of erecting the building proposed.

Another Cutting Affray.

Last night Jimmy Dean and "Cockey" Ward had a slight skirmish somewhere on the hill, and during the affray Dean was slightly cut in the abdomen. He visited the watch house about one o'clock and complained to Captain Reed, who said he would cause the arrest of Ward. Dean then went to High street, where he soon found another fight. This time he was beaten on the head with a heavy billy and left lying on the pavement insensible. He was still lying there at two o'clock this morning.

IN Mason City, Iowa, a few days ago, a couple of butchers arranged for a horse race, the winner to take the loser's horse. The race was run, and just as the winner reached the goal he fell dead from his horse. The looser offered the forfeited animal to the widow of the dead champion, but it was not accepted.

DEATH FROM A RUPTURE.

To give a timely warning to those who are suffering from any of those protrusions denominated hernia or rupture, should be regarded as an act, not only of kindness, but even of duty. Especially is this the case when so many of our fellow-citizens are suffering from an ailment so little understood, and so often fatal to human life. We do not know of a more serious condition than that which is denominated rupture, no matter in what part of the body it exhibits itself. Rupture is a lesion of almost always a serious character, and whether in men, women or children, can be securely retained to its proper place by the adjustment of a properly fitted truss. Dr. KEYSER, AT HIS GREAT MEDICINE STORE, NO. 167 LIBERTY STREET, has always in store every variety and form of the best trusses and appliances for the retention, alleviation and cure of this now common ailment. What man or woman will linger through life, with the danger constantly staring them in the face, and the fear of strangulated and incarcerated hernia, when the means of relief are so easily accessible and the prospect of relief so certain and infallible? The prospects of a cure in most cases of rupture are much more certain than formerly, and the appliances for that purpose of a much superior kind than those formerly used. In the rupture of children, nearly every case is sure to get well, and when they fail to do so it is because of ill-fitted or inadequate trusses. It behooves every one, therefore, who has any ailment of this kind to seek the best means afforded and thus secure immunity from so formidable a disease.

For sale all kinds of mechanical appliances for broken veins, hydrocole, prolapsus uteri and piles. Also, shoulder braces, urinal syringes, bed pans and all kinds of the best medicines in use, at Dr. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 LIBERTY STREET, or at the Doctor's consulting rooms, No. 120 Penn street, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. Dr. Keyser will be at his Liberty street office for free consultation every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, from 4 until 6 P. M.

GENERAL DEBILITY IS NATURE'S APPEAL FOR HELP.

Thousands of persons, without any specific ailment, are the victims of languor and lassitude. The unthinking are apt to confound this species of inertion with laziness; whereas it usually arises from a want of organic energy, for which the subjects of it are no more responsible than the near-sighted are for their defective vision. Such persons, although they may be free from pain, are as truly invalids, and as much in need of medical aid as if they were tormented with the pangs of acute disease. They require a TONIC and ALTERATIVE that will rouse and regulate their torpid organizations. In cases of this kind, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS produce an immediate and most favorable effect. The debilitated and desponding valetudinarian, who feels as if he were but half alive; who shuns company, and has no relish either for business or pleasure; is metamorposed, by a brief course of this most potent vegetable invigorant, into quite a different being. The change effected by the BITTERS, in his bodily and mental condition, is a surprise to himself and his friends. He mopes no longer: the active principle of life, which seemed to have died out of him, is re-awakened, and he feels like a new man. Remembering that debility is not only an affliction itself, but an INVITATION TO DISEASE, no time should be lost in recruiting the broken-down system with this choicest and most potent of all TONICS AND NERVINES.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF

BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS

THREE PLY

AND

INGRAIN

CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE, CHECK & FANCY

MATTINGS,

FOR SUMMER WEAR,

IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS

AT

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY'S,

23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAIR AND STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL—By the ladies of Bellfield Presbyterian congregation, on the afternoon and evening of WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY of this week, at the country residence of HENRY LLOYD, Esq., on Pennsylvania avenue.
Oakland cars pass the gate. je24:s77

PITTSBURGH THEATRE,
H. W. WILLIAMS, [illegible] and Manager.
Extra Season—6 nights only of the [illegible] equestrienne, Miss LEO HUDSON, and her [illegible] steed, BLACK BESS, in Byron's beautiful [illegible] creation of MAZEPPA.
Hudson Matinee on Wednesday.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL
No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the [illegible] House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
W. H. STROUP.....Manager.
This house has one of the finest Billiard Rooms in the city. It is decidedly the coolest and most inviting place. The tables are all new and embrace all the modern improvements, and offer superior attractions to lovers of the game.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL OF

CHRIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH
Allegheny,
Will hold a Strawberry Festival in EXCELSIOR HALL, corner Federal and Lacock streets, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENING June 22d and 23d. Proceeds to be applied for the benefit of the school.
[illegible] P. M. je21:k8

[illegible]
Second
Miss Lucette
James Theatre, Louisville
TUESDAY EVENING, June [illegible] will be presented for the first time in this city
THE POOR GIRL,
With Miss Jean Hosmer in the title role. To be followed by the beautiful and amusing Protean Comedietta of
EVERY DAY OCCURRENCES,
In which Mr. Price and Miss Lucette assume four different characters each.
Prices as usual. Box office open from 9 A. M. until 12 M., and from 2 P. M. until 4 P. M.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
PITTSBURGH, June 3, 1869.

THE GRADUATION, MA[illegible]
SONRY AND BALLAST, upon the following Sections of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad have been allotted by the President and Directors of the Company to the parties named below in connection with the same, viz:
To RALPH JONES & CO.—Sections 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 75, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105.
To JOHN DONAGHUE & BROTHERS—Sections 107, 143, 144.
To MEYER, BROADHEAD & CO.—Sections 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127.
To DEWEES & CLARK—Sections 118, 119.
To PATRICK KEATING—Section 108.
To JOHN WILHELM—Section 109.
To EDWARD KARNS & BROTHER—Sections 131, 132, 137.
To BRACKEN & FITZPATRICK—Section 133.
To B. B. GOFDER—Sections 144, 135.
To ALEXANDER B. BUCHANAN—Section 136.
To P. R. HOWLEY—Section 138.
To GEORGE W. HARRISON—Section 139.
To NATHAN SHIPLEY—Sections 141, 142.
To MANFULL & ROSS—Sections 77, 78, 79.
The remaining 35 sections between Connellsville and Cumberland having been contracted previously, the whole line of 86 miles between these points it now under contract to responsible parties, and there will be ample and steady employment for labor thereon during this year and the next.
BENJ. H. LATROBE,
je21:k76 Chief Engineer

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa., Pittsburgh, June 22, 1869.

NOTICE TO BAKERS.—Sealed PROPOSALS, addressed to the "Board of Inspectors of Allegheny County Prison," will be received at this office until JULY 3d, for furnishing the County Prison with bread for six months from July 15th. Loaves to weigh one and a-half and two pounds respectively, and to be of approved quality. Bids to be made at so much per pound. Bonds for two thousand dollars will be required for faithful performance of contract. The name of the security must accompany the bid. Bills endorsed by the Warden and probated at this office will be paid monthly.
HENRY LAMBERT,
je22 Controller

AUCTION SALE OF LOTS IN ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA. Will be sold at Auction on the premises, on THURSDAY, JULY 15, at o'clock P. M., 19 ACRES OF LAND, sub-divided into one acre lots, situate on the Middle[illegible] road and four miles from the Pittsburgh Court House and three miles from the Allegheny Market House; easy of access by Saw Mill Run Ferry and Middleton road, by Clerk's Run and Manchester Steam Ferry, by Pan-handle Railroad from Nimick's station, and by Ft. Wayne Chicago and Cleveland Railroad from Woods Run. For further particulars see lithograph hand bills, or enquire of JAMES McGUNNEGLE, Chartiers turnpike, or F. A. DOHRMAN, No 113 First avenue, Pittsburgh.
jo22:k64-22.29.1.13

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, Pa., June 21, 1869.

NOTICE.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until TUESDAY 29th inst., for the letting of the City Weigh Scales, located as follows: 1st ward, near Point; 2d ward, Water street; 6th ward, Second avenue; 18th ward, Sharpsburg bridge; 17th ward, 44th street; 12th ward, 21st street; 21st ward, Frankstown Road, and 1st ward, Liberty street, near 5th avenue.
Bidders will state what per cent. of the gross receipts they will pay to the city for the use of the Scales for the term of one year, from the 1st of July next.
The Finance Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
R. J. McGOWAN,
je22 City Controler.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss:
In the Matter of JOHN B. NORRIS, a Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a third general meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt will be held at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in said District, on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the office of JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., one of the Registers of Bankruptcy in said District, for the purpose named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.
W. A. LEWIS,
J. M. KENNEDY,
je22:k87 Assignees.

FOR SALE—A beautiful country home, located near Perrysville, eight miles from the city, fronting on the Plank Road. The grounds contain 53 acres in all, is well improved, and in a high state of cultivation. There is erected upon it a splendid two story double frame mansion of ten rooms, with all necessary halls, pantries, and all modern conveniences; also, carriage house, wood and coal shed, a tastefully arranged barn, with ample stabling, and all other necessary smaller outbuildings. A beautiful grove of forest trees adjoins the house, which stands on an eminence commanding a delightful view of the surrounding country for many miles. Two large orchards of delicious fruit, also all kind of small fruits, abundance of excellent water, and in fact everything that taste and convenience could suggest to make it pleasant and comfortable. It has been used as a summer home by the owner for the last seven years. There is also a tenement house on the property, now occupied by a good tenant. Any one wishing to retire from business will find this one of the most desirable properties to be found. Possession given immediately, or will sell the main buildings with 8 acres, to suit purchaser. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue. je22

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, dated June 19, 1869, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 14th, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the First ward of the city of Allegheny, county aforesaid, at the corner of Balkam street and Bank lane, containing in front on Bank lane 15 feet 6 inches, and in depth along Balkam street 63 feet, more or less, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, being the real estate of S. Q. Shannon, deceased.
Terms of sale, cash. For further information enquire of BROWN & LAMBIE, Attorneys at Law, No. 114 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN Q. MILLER,
Administrator of
SAMUEL Q. SHANNON, deceased. j 22:k88T

RENT $10 PER MONTH for a Dwelling House of three rooms and large yard. Inquire at 39 Sixth avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF THE

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK.
PITTSBURGH,
At the close of business on Saturday, June 12th, 1869.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 659,598 53
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	400,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	6,250 00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,500 00
Due from Banks	104,422 29
Legal Tender Notes, Cash, Items, &c	116,403 46
Specie	10,370 19
	$1,301,544 47

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 400,000 00
Circulation Issued	350,000 00
Due Depositors	505,707 46
Contingent Fund and Profits	45,837 01
	$1,301 544 47

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE
CONDITION OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.
At the close of business, June 12, 1869.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$1,285,706 93
United States Bonds to secure circulation	425,000 00
State Bonds	12,812 50
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	248,427 90
Due from other National Banks	82,826 56
Due from "Banks & Bankers	3,389 63
Banking House	37,000 00
Current Expenses	5,869 71
Cash Items	5,487 52
Exchange for Clearing House	70,339 00
National Bank Notes	923 00
Fractional Currency	4,694 92
Specie	2,607 19
Legal Tender Notes	86,000 00
Three per cent. Certificates	50,000 00
	$2,321,084 86

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 500,000 00
Surplus Fund	264,683 33
Profit and Loss	16,631 01
	360,400 00
[illegible]posits	1,042,879 18
[illegible] Banks	130,807 85
Banks and Bankers	6,083 49
	$2,321,084 86

[illegible]nsylvania County of Allegheny
[illegible]LLY, Cashier of the First National [illegible]nk y swear that the [illegible]bove state[illegible] to the best of my knowledge and be-
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
[illegible]d sworn to before me this 19th [illegible]869. S. SMITH, Notary Public.
[illegible]est:
[illegible]. NIMICK, [illegible]. EWING, [illegible]ANEER SPEER, } Directors.

[illegible]T OF THE CONDITION
[illegible]HE PITTSBURGH NATIONAL [illegible]OMMERCE, at the close of business, [illegible]59.

RESOURCES.

[illegible]Discounts	$ 654,653 95
[illegible]	6,998 80
[illegible]o secure Circulation	500,000 00
[illegible] and Securities on [illegible]	53,500 00
[illegible]deeming and Reserve [illegible]	93,098 48
[illegible]er National Banks	23,525 25
[illegible]er Banks & Bankers	1 870 83
[illegible]e	63,691 55
[illegible]State	5 000 00
[illegible]d Fixtures	2 489 24
[illegible]enses	5,618 20
[illegible]	2,575 00
[illegible]	1,038 26
[illegible]ncluding stamps)	5,067 04
[illegible]r Clearing House	19,297 00
[illegible] National Banks	1,206 00
[illegible]rrency	594 32
[illegible]	1 020 00
[illegible]r Notes	78,357 00
	$1,519,700 92

LIABILITIES.

[illegible]k paid in	$ 500,000 00
[illegible]	51,000 00
[illegible]	$6,794 89
[illegible]	8,432 52
[illegible]	13,879 84
[illegible]osits	17,160 00— 56,261 30
[illegible]k Circulation Out[illegible]	448,042 00
[illegible]eposits	$348,0 9 01
[illegible]nal Banks	87,374 51
[illegible] Banks and [illegible]	28,924 07— 464,397 62
	$1,519,700 92

[illegible]nnsylvania, ss. County of Allegheny, [illegible]L, Cashier of the Pittsburgh Nat[illegible] of Commerce, do solemnly swear [illegible]ve stat ment is true to the best of my [illegible]nd belief.
JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.
[illegible] and sworn to before me this 19th [illegible] 1869. S. SMITH, [illegible]ttest: Notary Public.
[illegible]ATTERSON, [illegible] HAVEN, [illegible]. PALMER, } Directors.
je22:k84

[illegible]THFUL PLEASURE.
[illegible]L MAY ENGAGE IN IT.
[illegible]JET!
CROQUET!
CROQUET!
[illegible]IGHTFUL OUT-DOOR GAME.
[illegible]y or Suburban Household complete without a Set.
[illegible]OOD SET FOR $5 00.
[illegible]inished and more Durable Sets from [illegible]$7 50 TO $15 00.
[illegible]ed to any part without charge. 6a
DAVIS & CO.,
[illegible]3 Liberty Street,
[illegible]EAR ST. CLAIR. je22-TWS

[illegible]GHENY COUNTY, SS.
[illegible]ohans Court in and for said county, [illegible]ember Term, 1868, in Partition. [illegible]tter of the Partition of the Real Es-
[illegible]OBERT GLASS, DEC'D.
[illegible]y, to-wit, June 19th, 1869, the [illegible]quest [illegible]his case is hereby confirmed and rule on the heirs to appear in Court, on SATURDAY, July 17th 1869, at ten o'clock A. M., to accept or refuse said Estate at the valuation, with personal notice, or by writing left at the place of their abode, as to George W. Glass, Emily Glass, Eliza Glass, William Glass for himself, and as Guardian ad litem of Robert Glass, minor, and Emily Glass, and notice to the other heirs to be given by advertisement in the Pittsburgh Weekly GAZETTE three insertions
BY THE COURT.
To Nancy Johnston, formerly Nancy Glass, you will please take notice of the above rule and notice. JOHN BARTON,
Attorney for Petitioner.
Pittsburgh, June 19, 1869. ju22:k86

WELCOME.—FARMERS look to your interest and buy only the Self-discharging Hay and Grain Rake
"WELCOME."
It is the best rake made. Can be worked by a boy, seven or eight years old, or by a delicate female, or an aged and infirm man, who is barely able to sit on a seat and drive a horse. It is so constructed that the horse does all the work. It is far in advance of all other rakes, and is warranted to give satisfaction. The teeth are of the best cast steel. They are sold as low as the common rakes in the market, which require strong men to work them. These rakes save the cost two or three times in a season in the gleanings. Farmers have little idea of the amount of grain left on a field raked in the old way. Remember the name, and buy none other than the "WELCOME," made in Columbiana, O., and sold wholesale and retail, there or at No. 319 and 341 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. All orders addressed to me at either place, promptly attended to.
W. W. WALLACE.
je18:k67d&F

FOR SALE.
Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,
TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each.
ENQUIRE OF
W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
195 Liberty Street,
mh15

THIRD ARRIVAL OF
SUMMER GOODS AT THE
Boys' Clothing Headquarters,
NO. 47 SIXTH STREET.
GRAY & LOGAN.
je9

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Rail road. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal. 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

FLOUR.
CHOICE WINTER WHEAT FAMILY, $7,25.
CHOICE MINNESOTA BRANDS, $6,25.
CHOICE WISCONSIN BRANDS, $6,25.
In lots of five barrels or more.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
173 and 174 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF THE
CONDITION OF THE
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
Of Pittsburgh, Pa.,
At the close of business on the 12th day of June 1869.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$2,090,990 33
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	940 000 00
Due from Approved Associations in New York	193,351 59
Due from other Nat'l Banks	24,689 48
Due from other Banks and Bankers	2,170 30
Banking House	56,500 00
Current Expenses	$2 075 03
Taxes Paid	3 400 00— 5,475 03
Cash Items	3,822 88
Exchange for Clearing House	16,124 49
Bills of National Banks	2,655 00
Fractional Currency, (including Nickels.)	8,903 00
Coin	6,000 00
Legal Tender Notes	168,600 00
	$3,519,282 10

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$1,700 000 00
Surplus Fund	340,000 00
Discount	$8,887 17
Exchange	837 00
Profit and Loss	43,641 19— 53,355 36
National circulation outstanding	800,000 00
State Banks	29,403 00
Individual deposits	555,966 84
Due to National Banks	38,960 60
Due to other Banks and Bankers	1,596 30
	$3,519 282 10

I, ANDREW LONG, Assistant Cashier of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa., do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. LONG, Assistant Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 18th day of June, 1869. Wm. F. ROBB, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
JAS. B. MURRAY,
ALEX. NIMICK,
THOS. J. HOSKINSON, } Directors.
je21:k 5

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK at close of business, June 12, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 790,771 79
Overdrafts	3,706 29
United States Bonds to secure Circulation	500,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	55,502 19
Due from other Nat'l Banks	2,546 45
Due from Banks and Bankers	1,741 50
Due from Redeeming Agency, New York	91,667 71
Banking House	39,113 25
Other Real Estate	34,715 51
Current Expenses	8,543 30
Taxes paid	6,295 56
Exchanges for Clearing House	69,249 84
Checks on Banks not in Clearing House	2,433 45
Bills of other National Banks	4 345 00
Bills of state National Banks	1,095 00
Fractional Currency, including Nickels	487 60
Coin	650 00
Legal Tender Notes	144,580 00
3 Per Cent. Certificates	30,000 00
	$1,785,514 44

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$ 500 000 00
Surplus Fund	151,458 75
Exchange	8,404 69
Interest	34,146 39
National Bank Circulation outstanding	432,611 00
State Bank Circulation outstanding	8,650 00
Individual Deposits	633,844 17
Due to National Banks	9,524 62
Due to other Banks and Bankers	4,982 32
Dividends Unpaid	1,898 50
	$1,785,514 44

State of Pennsylvania, ss. County of Allegheny.
I, Assistant Cashier of the Allegheny National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. McCANDLESS, Assistant Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn before me this 19th day of June 1869. S. SMITH, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
J. W. COOK.
JOHN CALDWELL, Jr.,
R. F. SMYTH, } Directors.
je21:k78

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK of Pittsburgh.
At the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869.

Loans and Discounts	$1,188,485 10
U. S. Bonds to secure circulat'n	514,000 00
U. S. Bonds and Securities on hand	3,000 00
Due from approved Association in New York	128,326 22
Due from other National Banks	15,929 94
Due from other Banks & Bankers	1,524 92
Real Estate	95,351 72
Taxes and Expenses	2,103 61
Cash Items	16,-36 05
Clearing House Exchanges	50,782 31
Bills of other National Banks	3,400 00
Fractional Currency	6,641 85
Legal Tender Notes	120,000 00
Bond and Mortgage	1,833 33
Coin	1,547 87
	$2,149,362 92

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$ 800,000 00
Surplus Fund	133,802 64
Profits	20,731 92
National Circulation outstanding	450,000 00
State Circulation outstanding	13,000 00
Individual Deposits	662,204 21
Due National Banks	39,581 57
Due other Banks and Bankers	22,884 80
Unpaid Dividends	7,157 50
	$2,149,362 92

I certify that the above statement is correct.
Je21:k79 J. E. BRADY, Jr., Cashier.

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG LADIES.
EILDON SEMINARY,
North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.
Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open
SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,
At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Rooom, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:k80

KISHACOQUILLAS SEMINARY, FOR BOTH SEXES.—This Institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishacoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people. Surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the purest mountain air, the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and higher Mathematics. A lady from Massachusetts, of superior qualifications will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham from Washington county, Pa., has charge of instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200 00. For catalogue address MARTIN MOHLER, A.M., Principal, Kishocoquillas, Mifflin Co., Pa. Refer to Rev. G. V. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.
Je15:k70-T&T

TO LOAN.
$10,000
ON FIRST CLASS MORTGAGE, CITY PROPERTY. Apply at
MORGAN & ROBERTS',
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
114 FOURTH AVENUE.
je7:k81

REMOVAL.
H. HIGBY & CO.
have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,
189 LIBERTY STREET,
A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK AND INSURANCE STOCKS.
TUESDAY EVENING, June 22d, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
18 shares Citizens National Bank.
40 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.
25 shares Western Insurance Co.
6 shares Exchange National Bank.
j e21 A. McILW

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS: each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.
A GOOD COOK.
APPLY AT
No. 336 Ridge Street, Allegheny.
je16:k55 B. BAKEWELL, Jr.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—Agents to take orders in the city and county for Doudnas' Patent Stone-Lid Holder. County rights for sale. Enquire for J. S. WILSON, at Morrison & Devol's, 75 Water street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.
CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTS.

WANTED.—Situation by a young man as Assistant Bookkeeper or Clerk in any profitable business. Can read, write and talk English and German perfectly. Address "C," GAZETTE Office. je22:k80

WANTED—TO LOAN $30,000 on Bonds and Mortgages, in sums from $500 to $5,000, secured on real estate in Allegheny county. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth avenue.

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen can be accommodated with a pleasant furnished room, with good board, on the line of the Passenger cars, No. 44 Rebecca street, Allegheny City. Reference required.

WANTED—TO PLASTERERS. —Plastering to be done, for which carpenter work will be given in return. All to be done in the best manner. Direct S. W., Box 8, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A few respectable boarders at 18 Ninth street, (late Hand street.)

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—A few more boarders can find pleasant rooms and good boarding at No. 16 Ann street, Allegeeny, for $4.50 per week.

WANTED.—To loan $900 on bond or mortgage for one or two years Address J. D. F., care Gazette office.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A Large House of 11 Rooms, on Fourth avenue. Suitable for boarding house. Water and gas. Enquire of MORGAN & ROBERTS, 114 Fourth avenue.

TO-LET.—Four commdious and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent, $12 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

TO-LET.—FURNISHED ROOM. —An elegant furnished ROOM, suitable for a young man, will be let at a very reasonable rent. Inquire at No. 23 Eighth, (late Hancock,) street.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Potograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

TO LET.—A fine, large new Store Room, in the village of Wilkinsburg, with dwelling, if desired. Rent low. Also, beautiful large office front room, second floor, on 6th, formerly St. Clair, near the bridge. Enquire of JOHN W. BEATTY, Engraver, 93 Market St.

TO LET.—House on Centre Av- ENUE.—Gas, Water, &c., very convenient. Out of season, Rent $25.00 per month. Call soon at 121 Centre avenue, Pittsburgh.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.
The undersigned, as trustee in the partition of the real estate of
AGNES KNOX, Deceased,
By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869,
At 3 o'clock P. M., that very valuable property on Fifth avenue, city of Pittsburgh, consisting of TWO LOTS. First—A lot fronting on Market street 30 feet and extending the same width, along the south side of Fifth avenue 101 feet to Market alley. Second—A lot on the opposite side of Market alley, fronting on Fifth avenue 30 feet and running back, preserving the same width, along Market alley 30 feet. On the first mentioned lot are FOUR FRAME TENEMENTS, and on the other a THREE STORY BRICK BUILDING.
These lots are among the most valuable in the city of Pittsburgh, being on the principal street and in the centre of business. The attention of capitalists is particularly invited to them, as they are desirable chiefly for the value of the lots, the buildings not being of much consequence, and possession for building puposes can be obtained on 3 months' notice. The property now rents for over eight thousand dollars. The purchaser will receive the rents after July 1st.
THE TERMS OF SALE.
One-third cash, and the remaining two-thirds in two equal annual payments, with semi-annual interest from day of sale, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
J. W. F. WHITE,
June 5, 1869. TRUSTEE.
je7:k29

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OF
DRESS GOODS
AT
J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,
59 Market and 20 St. Clair Streets.
ALL OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.
TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.
EVERY DEPARTMENT REPLENISHED WITH NEW GOODS.
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FOR SALE.—Grocery Stock, Fixtures and Lease of a first class GROCERY, located on one of the best business corners on Beaver avenue, Allegheny City, and doing a good cash business. Will be sold cheap. Proprietor going into another business. Inquire at Hamilton's drug store, corner Beaver avenue and Locust streets.

FOR SALE.
CIGAR AND TOBACCO STAND.
This is a No. 1 stand, and the reason for selling is ill health. The lease and fixtures will be sold with the stock. Lease runs 5 years. For further particulars call at GAZETTE OFFICE

FOR SALE.
3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered: price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.
Bonds and Mortgages wanted by
THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND
89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.
House and lot on Poplar street, 3d ward; 3 houses and lot in 8th ward; lot on Troy Hill road; house and lot on Sandusky street, 4th ward; house and lot on Boyle street; farm in Ohio, containing 160 acres; house and lot, 87 Boyle street; house and lot in 8th ward; one-twentieth interest in 75 acres in Wirt Co., West Va.; 10 acres of ground near Fleming Station, P. Ft W. & C. R. R.; farm of 100 acres in Sewickley township; house and lot at Glendale Station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R.; house and on Pine street, 8th ward; 6½ acres of ground at Glendale Station; 2 farms in Iowa, 80 acres each; lot on Locust street, near Manhattan, (Manchester;) 2 farms in Ohio, one 120 acres, other 80 acres. For further particulars inquire of
M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je17

FOR SALE.—A very desirable residence, lot 30x110 feet, located on Stockton avenue, Allegheny City, a short distance from Federal street. First story—hall, parlor, sitting room, dining room, kitchen and wash house. Second story—5 bed rooms, bath room and water closet, all in modern style. Excellent dry cellar under whole house. For further particulars or terms (which are reasonable) apply to SAMUEL DYER, Lacock ssreet, one door west of Federal street, Allegheny. je18

FOR SALE.—A light and profit- ABLE business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 4 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of P. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY RESI- DENCE.—A DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, of seven rooms, with frame addition of two rooms, good spring, &c; about an acre and a half of ground; situated a short drive from Bennett's Station, on the W. Penna. R. R. Immediate possession given. For terms, &c., address or inquire of WM. A. SHINN,
Attorney at Law, cor. Grant and Diamond St.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Resi- DENCE, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.— One of the best Drug and Prescription Stores in Pittsburgh is offered for sale at cost if applied for soon. Good reasons for selling. Address J. P. PEARSON & CO., 87 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.—The one-half in- terest in the Drug Store of BLACKISTON & McGREGOR, in Bellaire, Ohio. They are doing a thriving business, and the location is one of the best in Eastern Ohio. Reason for selling, ill health of family. Terms reasonable. Apply soon.

FOR SALE.
12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.
137 acres near Douisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.
HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.
HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.
4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown
Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri.
TUSTIN & KLEE,
my28 87 Grant street.

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15;k46

FOR SALE.
TWELVE LOTS ON CENTRE avenue, on line of street cars; 5 lots on Kirkpatrick street, on line of street cars; 2 lots on Linden street, on line of street cars; 1 large lot fronting on Wylie street; Two 3 storied brick houses 6 rooms each, lot 30 by 100 feet feet on Fulton street, near Centre avenue; will sell the whole for $5,000 cash, or will sell the houses separate at $2,500 each; frame house of 3 rooms on Mahon street, near the avenue; lot 24 by 100 feet; only $1,000 cash.
Two pressed brick front houses, with 6 rooms, well finished, gas and water throughout, fronting 44 feet on Wylie street. This property will be sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of
M'CLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue,
Dealers in Flour Grain, Hay, Mill Feed and General Produce of all kinds. je17;k60

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U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	$404,500
Bonds on hand	50,-00 454,500 00
Due from Approved Banks in New York	19,618 85
Due from other National Banks	49,307 45
Due from other Banks and Bankers	462 16 69,388 46
Real Estate	45,986 97
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COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON,
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Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAMS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

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ap10

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These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

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Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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PARLOR STOVES,
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500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ⅞, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
203,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles.
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1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap:6

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Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

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CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

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FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY.

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57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:x1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES MCCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

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PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - $100,000

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GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's We Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for ja5:39

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

being sustained for any length of time and they are anxions to reduce stocks and thus be ready for the decline when it comes, as come it will, unless something unusual occurs to injure the Wheat crop, and this, though possible, is not at all probable, as the season is too far advanced for frost and there is little or nothing said about the weevil. Too much rain might produce rust, but of this there is a bare possibility and besides it will not be general. As we noted in our last report, the recent advance is doubtless owing mainly to the manipulations of Chicago speculators, who are carrying large stocks on which they are anxious to realize as quickly as possible and that, too, at advanced prices. The same thing was attemptrd about this time last year, and was partially successfulr

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 50@$1,00, per gallon as to quality.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged at 23@25 for good to prime.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,25.

CHEESE—Is in good supply but unchanged; we continue to quote common Ohio at 17@18; Factory, 19@20; and Goshen, at 21.

CARBON OIL—Small sales of standard brands, at 28@30—market dull.

DRIED FRUIT—Very dull and prices are nominal, and holders very anxious to realize.

EGGS—Still quoted 18@19; buyers generally asking

FRUIT—

lands of
exhausted. Live
quoted at 85@90, to the
$1 in a retail way.

R—Is firmer but there is no improvement in the demand and the market is quiet. Watt, Lang & Co. advertise choice Winter Wheat Family at $7,25, and choice Minnesota and Wisconsin Springs at $6,25. Mill prices remain unchanged.

GRAIN.—The market for all kinds of grain continues dull and neglected, and there is scarcely enough doing to establish quotations. The mills are buying Wheat sparingly, and as there is little or no margin, dealers do not care about handling it. Oats steady, and all things considered, commands a relatively better price than any other kind of grain, 64@65, for car load lots. Rye is quoted at $1,12@1,15, and but little offering. Corn nominally unchanged. Barley none in market.

HAY—Is dull but unchanged; baled is still quoted on wharf at $20@25 as to quality.

HUSKS—Sales at 3 cts per pound.

HEMP—Sales at $210.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Is firmer, in sympathy with the advance in Lard, but, as yet, unchanged; $1,20 for No. 2 and $1,50 for No. 1—city brands.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12c.

POTATOES—Old crop selling at 40@45 per bushel, and new at $4@4,80 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firmer with a continued fair demand. We now quote Shoulders, at 14½@14¾; Ribbed Sides, 17¼; Clear Sides, 18½; Breakfast Bacon, 20¼; Plain Hams 18; Sugar Cured do, 20¼@21. Dried Beef, 21. Lard, 20 in tcs, 20¾ in bbls, and 21 in kegs. Mess Pork, $33,50.

SEEDS—The demand for Clover and Timothy Seeds seems to have almost entirely subsided. Flaxseed would sell but there is none in market.

SALT—Is dull and drooping; may be quoted at $1,70 by the car load.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY June 21, 1869.

The oil market continues dull and devoid of anything really new or important. While prices generally are without material change, the feeling is rather weak and the tendency for several days past has been downward. It is rumored that the Erie clique have sold the most of their June oil and bought heavily for July, and that the idea of a "corner" this month, if any such idea was ever entertained, has been abandoned. In speaking of this clique, we cannot do so intelligently, as we do not know of whom it is composed, where located, or whether the men who manage it are "bulls" or "bears." That there is such a clique in existence, however, is generally believed, and if it is in any way connected with the manipulators of the Erie railroad, we may expect some huge manipulations in the oil market.

CRUDE.

The volume of business was again comparatively light to-day, and the market was rather weak, and, compared with Saturday, prices a shade lower. Sale 1,000 bbls seller July, at $5,50 on Valley cars at Venango City; 1,000 seller 30 days at 14: and 1,000 seller June, at 14. $5,50 at Oil City, is considered equal to 14 cts here, and we are cognizant of an offer having been made to sell seller June, at 14, late in the afternoon, without finding a buyer.

REFINED

But a single sale reported 1,000 bbls June, at 30½. Spot oil, quoted nominally at 29½@30; July, 31½; August, 32½; August to October, 33¼; and July to December, 33@33¼. As might be inferred from the fact that there was but a single sale reported, the market was very quiet, although compared with Saturday prices have undergone no quotable change.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fleming & Co	1,153 bbls.
Commercial Works	80 "
J. Wilkins	80 "
Ralston & Waring	400 "
Fisher & Bro	2,243 "
R. T. Leech	297 "
Citizens Co	800 "
Waring & King	160 "
Total	4,713 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Standard Oil Co., 986 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer Kohler & Co. 550 bbls ref. to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lyons & Bro., 202 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Co. 319 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Keystone Oil Works, 168 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 116 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 53 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 300 cases to Warden Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total Refined, 300 Cases..... 2794 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 925 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Brooks Ballentine & Co., 28 bbls ref. oil to E. B. Hubley, Phila.

M'Kenna & Rodgers, 5 bbls lubricating to A. P. Phipps, Philadelphia.

S. B. Floyd, 15 bbls lubricating oil to D. Cook, Philadelphia.

Total Lubricating..... 35

Total shipments Refined..... 953

Rock Island, 103¾; Chicago & North Western, 76½; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 92¾; Adams Express Company, 59¼; Merchants Union Express, 15; Pacific Mail, 88; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38¼; Am. W. Express, 40.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 137¾; United States Sixes, 1881, 120¾; Five-Twenties, 1862, 122; do. 1864, 116¾; do. 1865, 118¾; Ten-Forties, 108; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 119⅝; do. do. 1867, ——; do. do. 1868, ——; Seven-Thirties, par less, ¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 92; Central do. do., par; Cv. Pacifics, 105½; Superior 98; July Cupons, 36½.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 21, 1869.

Money stringent at 7 per cent. gold, 7 per cent. currency and 1-32@1-16 per cent. commission for call loans. Sterling steady at 9½@9⅝ per cent. Gold higher but closed weak and quiet; the Government sold a million in one lot at 136 76 100. Prices opened at 136½, advanced to 137 and closed at 137½. Carrying rates at 7@12 per cent. and 1-32@3-64 per cent. Clearances, $78,000,000.

Governments strong. Coupons '81, 121 @121½; do. '62, 122@122½; do. '64, 116⅞ @117; do. '65, 118⅜@118⅝; do. new, 119½@119⅝; do, '67, 119¾@119½; do. '68, 119½@119½; 10-40s, 107@107½; Pacifics, 106@106¼.

State bonds weak; Missouris, 91 bid; old Tennessees, 63¾; new do. 60¼; North Carolinas, 55¼; Virginias, 61.

Stock market heavy under an increased pressure to sell, and the decline was equal to 1@2½ per cent. from highest point, New York Central leading the market on downward turn, and falling off 2½ per cent. The principal activity was in New York Central, North Western and Michigan Southern.

Bidding prices at 5:30: Cumberland, 32½; Wells Express, 30¼; American, 40⅛; Adams, 59¼; United States, 69¼; Merchants Union, 15; Quicksilver, 14½; Western Union Telegraph, ex-div., 36¾@37½; Pacific Mail, 83¾; Mariposa, 7¼; do. preferred, 16½; New York Central, 186¾; Erie, 29⅝; do. preferred, 55; Hudson, 156½; Harlem, 144; Reading, 96¾; Terre Haute, 35; do. preferred, 58; Wabash, 68½; do. preferred, 80; St. Paul, 71; do. preferred, 82½; Fort Wayne, 155½; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¼; Michigan Central, 132; Michigan Southern, 163¾; Illinois Central, 142; Pittsburgh, 94½; Rock Island, 115½; Northwestern, 76¾; do. preferred, 93; St. Joseph preferred, 118½; C. C. C. & I., 73; C. C. & I. C., 39½.

Mining shares dull.

Copper stocks at Boston: Calumet, 50; Copper Falls, 8¼; Franklin, 16; Hecla, 85; Hancock, 3½; Minnesota, 18; Quincy, 24.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $4,402,150; payments, $3,862,162 balance, $85,016,757.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, June 21, 1869.

It is said that Flour is being sold at from 50 to 60 cts per bbl below what it can be replaced at, and it may be, and probably is true. It is apparent from this, however, that dealers have but little confidence in the advance in the west

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

MARJORIE'S ALMANAC.

Robins in the tree-tops,
Blossoms in the grass;
Green things a-growing
Everywhere you pass;
Sudden little breezes;
Showers of silver dew;
Buds bough and tender twig
Budding out anew
Pine tree and willow tree,
Fringed elm and larch—
Don't you think that May time's
Pleasanter than March?

Apples in the orchard,
Mellowing one by one;
Strawberries uptirning
Soft cheeks to the sun;
Roses faint with sweetness;
Lillies fair to face;
Drowsy scents and murmurs
Haunting every place;
Lengths of golden sunshine;
Moonlight bright as day—
Don't you think that Summer's
Pleasanter than May?

Roger in the corn-patch,
Whistling negro songs,
Pussy on the hearth side,
Romping with the dogs;
Chestnuts in the ashes
Burning thar ugh the rind;
Red leaf and golden leaf
Rustling down the wind;
Mother "doin' peaches"
All the a ternoon—
Don't you think that Autum's
Pleasanter than June?

Doors open at 8 o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

UNDER NEW AUSPICES.

W. P. BAILEY.....LESSEE
LYMAN RHOADES.....TREASURER

Last night but one of the justly celebrated T[ra]gedienne,

MISS JEAN HOSMER.

Shallow and appearance of Mr. Morton Price a[s] te, from the Royal Lyceum and [T]ve inches deep, and don in four characters ea[ch] June 22d, 1869, w[ith]

lepth plowing from six to eig[ht] Pittsburgh, nd deep plowing from nine to [fif]nches deep, or more.

Gypsum is used with the most marked esults on plants of a succulent nature, as lover, peas, vines, &c., and it also ope- ates favorably on corn and potatoes, and nost of the grains and grasses. With clover, grain and grasses it is generally owed broadcast, from May to July.

Young horses having sound and sharp eeth, will sometimes crush every kernel. But old horses, with poor teeth, will requently swallow half their mess of oats without breaking the skin of the kernels. Therefore, when mills are at a distance nd people will persist in feeding whole grain, it will always be found advantage- ous to soak the grain at least twenty-four hours before feeding it.

The wools of Cordova are already at- racting a good deal of attention in the European markets, on account of their superior quality, and the export, which was limited in 1855 to 12,000 arrobes (3,136,000 pounds,) was tripled in 1863, and now the amount is not less than 1,000,000,000 pounds.

Progressive agriculture is the best sys- em of husbandry, as it will leave land better than the tiller found it—making both the farm and the farmer rich at once.

Deeply plowed and thoroughly tilled soils will, at the same time, through their greatly increased mellowness and poros- ty, enable the superfluous rain or moisture around the roots of growing plants to sink down into the ground sufficiently quick and deep to do more harm to the growing crops.

In the natural locality of the grape, when nourished from the soil of primi- ive rocks, rich in the potash minerals, or volcanic dust, rich in potash, or the pozzolano, that produces such exquisite potatoes in Bermuda, the natural juice of the grape contains so much of this super- artrate of potash that it crystalizes as the wine is formed during fermentation.

To make the English patent harness blacking which is commended for keep- ng leather soft, and giving it a good pol- sh, dissolve together over a slow fire three ounces of turpentine, two ounces of white wax; then add one ounce of ivory black and one drachm of indigo, to be well pulverized and mixed together. When the wax and turpentine are dis- solved add the ivory black and indigo, and stir till cold. Apply very thin, and brush afterward.

When the remains of the lime and other manures, put upon the soil in pre- vious years, have sunk down into the subsoil, or near it, and rest there, it will be profitable to plow deep enough to bring those remains of former manures up where the roots of growing plants can feed on them.

The analysis of the common apple tree shows its wood to contain from forty-five to fifty per cent. of lime. Sand is silicis, of which there is very little in the apple tree. Hence a soil to grow the common apple well, must contain lime, which clay soil does to a large extent. Clay is, there- fore, the soil for an orchard. The Duch- ess is believed to have succeeded in this State as well as any tree in any part of the United States. Its origin can be traced to Northern Russia, and from thence to Siberia.

Farm Proverbs.—Do not keep more live stock on your farm than you can keep well.

House all things as much as possible—animals, utensils and crops.

Sell when you can get a good price, and do not store for rats and speculators.

The more comfortable you can keep your animals, the more they will thrive.

A good cow is a valuable machine—the more food she properly digests the greater the profit.

A few roots daily to all the stock are as welcome as apples to boys and girls.

Iron shoes on sleds last a lifetime. They are really cheaper in the end than wooden ones.

Replace all the bars, where you pass often, with strong gates, and then won- der that you didn't do so before.

Although, in draining land thoroughly your purse may be drained, yet the full crops that follow will soon fill it again.

Always give the soil the first meal. If it is well fed with manure it will feed all else—plants, animals, and men.

Applying Ashes to Fruit Trees.—A cor- respondent of the *N. E. Farmer* says: I often make use of ashes around my trees, certainly as often as once a year, and be- lieve it to be of great benefit to them. But, like some of your other correspon- dents, I have learned not to apply it in contact with the bark of the trees, as they become moistened and form lye often too strong for the growing wood. I gener- ally use about one quart of ashes to a tree, scattering it around them as far as the roots are supposed to extend under- neath. My large trees, in bearing ten or twelve years, receive an application of from six to eight quarts of unleached ashes to each tree, scattering in the same man- ner. I never permit the ashes to lie upon the ground in any place more than one inch in depth.

Tomato Preserves.—Take green toma- toes of the acorn size, and prick them; add a little water and boil them gently and lightly; make a syrup of white crushed sugar, then add the syrup to the tomatoes and cook moderately together and seal up use.

Mr. Ralph Tomlinson, jr., after exper- imenting for two years to discover some mode of exterminating the potato bug, has at length had his labors crowned with the most signal success. His remedy is dry, unslacked ashes and sulphur—say six quarts of the former to one pound of the latter. This mixture is sprinkled on the vines or whatever plants are infected by the bug.

Air and Exercise.—Dr. Hall, of the *Journal of Health*, says to his consump- tive friends: "You want air, not physic; you want pure air, not medicated air; you want nutrition, such as plenty of meat and bread will give, and they alone; physic has no nutriment; gasping for air and stimulants cannot cure you. If you want to get well, go in for beef and out- door air, and do not be deluded into the grave by advertisements and unreliable certificates.

An Ohio correspondent of the Depart- ment of Agriculture says: "The pound of white Swedish oats furnished me two years ago last spring by the Department produced seven bushels, weighing 45 pounds to the bushel. After two years of cultivation I find the quality equal to the original, weighing forty-five pounds, and elding largely to the acre. The straw very strong, standing up well against orms and wet, and the variety seems ad- rably adapted to this climate."

To Clean Gold Chains.—Put the chain o a small glass bottle, with warm water eau-de-cologne, a little camphorated alk (tooth powder,) and scrape in some ap. Cork the bottle and shake it for a inute violently. The friction against glass polishes the gold, and the soap chalk extract every particle of grease an dirt from the interstices of a chain of the most intricate pattern. On taking it out of the bottle rinse it in clear cold water, and wipe it with a towel.

An Unprofitable Hen.—Mr. Eugene M. Harris, of Wilmington, Vermont, informs us that he has an old Brahma hen that is now setting, and has not laid an egg this season. At first she commenced going to her nest as regularly every day as a hen that lays, for fifteen or six- teen days, and then commenced setting. He says it is rather singular, as nothing of the kind ever occurred before among his poultry.

Besides a good house and good barn, there are a number of other buildings needed on the farm, and they should be built just as soon as the proprietor is able to build them. What are they? They are—a work shop, a tool-house, a wagon house, a corn-house, a smoke house, a poultry house, cattle-sheds, manure- sheds, granary, piggery, fruit cellar, veg- etable-cellars and privies.

A neighbor of ours says that hog's lard is the best thing he can find to mix with the dough he gives to his hens. He says that one cut of this fat, as large as a wal- nut, will set a hen laying immediately after she has been broken up from setting, and that by feeding them with the fat oc- casionally, his hens continue to lay through the winter.—*American Stock Journal.*

Stampede of Cattle.—A stampede of a herd comprising twelve hundred to fifteen hundred cattle, took place near Manteno, Illinois, a few days ago. The drivers were trampled on and one of them badly hurt. Nine of the cattle were killed out- right, and several others dangerously in- jured. The animals dispersed over the country, but nearly all of them have been recovered.

Sods.—The Germantown *Telegraph* says those who have gardens should be careful to save all the sods they may have occasion to remove to prevent them from being covered, and to a certain extent being lost. Piled in heaps, tops down, they soon decay and make the very best soil for flowers and choice plants of every kind.

Sour Milk Muffins.—One and half pints of sour milk, three tablespoonfuls of melted butter, and one of white sugar; one teaspoonful of soda, two eggs and three pints of sifted flour. Bake in a quick oven in cups or rings.

The test of an egg is to hold it to the light from a dark place—in a dark room to a candle, or in both hands, tunnel- form, to the window by day—if it shows a yolk colour it is good; if opaque, throw it away.

To keep bugs from melon, pumpkin and cucumber vines, mix flour of sulphur and fine coal dust together, sprinkle the vines with water and dust them with this mix- ture. It is death to all bugs.

A recent writer states that 350 bushels of potatoes remove 90 pounds of potash from the soil on which they are grown; consequently, wood ashes is one of the most valuable manures for this crop.

A borrowed tool, if broken, should be replaced by a new one. A nice sense of honor in such matters is much to be com- mended.

It seems strange that housekeepers don't buy pails and tubs with brass hoops and trimmings. They cost a little more at first, but last wonderfully.

For Stopping Leaks in Roofs.—Take four pounds of rosin, one pint of linseed oil, and one ounce of red lead; simmer together and apply while hot.

It is advisable, in the construction of poultry houses, to use pine lumber—the more pitch it contains the better, as this is offensive to poultry vermin.

A Paris Princess sues for separation from her husband, and puts forth as the main ground an instance of conjugal cru- elty. The Prince did not beat her, did not kiss her waiting-maid, did not flirt, did not absent himself without cause, did not deny her an opera box, a Cashmere shawl, or any other necessary of life. But this monster in human form, return- ing to Paris after two years' absence in Mexico on duty, telegraphed to his dis- consolate wife, not any words of thrilling joy at his return, but the brutally laconic message, "Where are my shirts? I can- not find them."

Of John Brougham the New York *Star* says: "His benefit netted him $7,000. He at once paid off the discharg- ed company. He gave $200 to a poor actress who had a number of children, and but little work. He gave $50 to the Seymour fund, and we are willing to bet a hat he'll spend the whole $7,000 in less that six months. He's a good fellow."

John Thornton, according to Wash- ington rumors, is soon to be superseded as British Minister there by a "diplo- matist of high rank." The new Envoy, it is said, is to ascertain senatorial senti- ments through liberal hospitality."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken accord- ing to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, re- lax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pul- monic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectora- tion, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented ex- cept Calomel (a deadly poison when rich is very dan- gerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, lock- ing up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Re- move the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consump- tion, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medi- cines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient re- gins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body be- gins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are per- fectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hope- less and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recov- ery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same re- markable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to per- sonally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadel- phia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respi- rometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Ton- ic each $1 50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CON- TINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing un- manliness, nervous debility, irritability, erup- tions, seminal emissions, and finally im- potency, permanently cured. Persons afflict- ed with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines pre- pared in the establishment, which embraces of- fice, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemi- cal baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to all address for two stamps in sea- ed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annu- ally at office and all over the country. Consul- tation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURA- TIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with un- bounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable refer- ences, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding pa- tients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ri- diculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batche- lor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED —Those having friends afflicted are ear- nestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will con- vince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.— Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and un- fortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERE- TOFORE existing under the firm of R. & C. DIXON, Brush Manufacturers, has this day been dissolved by the withdrawal of the under signed therefrom.

THOMAS COFFIN.

Having sold my interest in the above firm to JOHN E. DUFFY, I cordially recommend him to the patronge of the public.

THOMAS COFFIN.

The above business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, under the firm of DIXON, DUFFY & CO., No. 13 Smithfield street, Pitts- burgh, Pa.

We will give special attention to the manufac- turing of Paint, Varnish, Kalsamine and White- Wash Brushes. We will keep constantly on hand a good supply of Scrubbing, Blacking and all other Brushes.

We respectfully ask an examination of our sam- ples by druggists and other persons dealing in brushes. R. DIXON,
JOHN E. DUFFY,
C. DIXON.
je8:k6?

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-part- NERSHIP under the name of FORRESTER, COLEMAN & KNOCH, Manufacturers of Wagons, &c., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, WM. KNOCH having sold his entire in- terest in the business, together with all debts owed to and by the firm, to S. FORRESTER and T. F. COLEMAN, by whom the business will be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of FORRESTER & COLEMAN. All affairs of the late firm will be settled by the new firm, at their office, No. 19 Marion avenue, Allegheny city.

SAMUEL F. FORRESTER
THEODORE F. COLEMAN,
WM. KNOCH.

DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS.

FORRESTER & COLEMAN.

We will keep on hand and make to order every style of PLAIN PLATFORM and SPRING WAGONS, CARTS, WHEELBARROWS, &c. Farmers will find it to their interest befote pur- chasing elsewhere to call and examine our large stock of STEEL TOOTH HORSE HAY RAKES. je18:k68

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING,
MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila.

my6:177-THS&T

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Issue of Bonds for the Purpose of Redeeming Matured and Maturing Indebtedness of the City.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the City Controller, under the direction of the Fi- nance Committee, shall be and is hereby author- ized and directed to prepare and issue bonds in the name of the City of Pittsburgh to an amount not exceeding Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, in accordance with the first section of an Act of Assembly, entitled "An act to authorize the City of Pittsburgh to issue bonds for the purpose of retiring matured and maturing indebtedness of said city and to purchase and improve grounds for a public park," approved the 12th day of April, A. D. 1859.

SEC. 2. Said Bonds shall be in sums of five hundred and one thousand dollars each in such proportions as the Finance Committee may di- rect, payable in forty years after date with inter- est at the rate of seven per centum, payable semi- annually, principal and interest payable at the office of the City Treasurer in the City of Pitts- burgh, and shall bear date the first day of January A. D. 1869.

SEC. 3. A portion of said bonds shall be reg- istered and a portion coupon bonds, the amount of each kind to be determined by the Finance Com- mittee; and each bond shall be signed by the Mayor, countersigned by the Controller, and sealed by the Mayor with the corporate seal of the city.

SEC. 4. All registered bonds issued in pursu- ance of this ordinance shall be registered in the City Treasurer's office, and shall be transferable on the books of the Treasurer and not otherwise.

SEC. 5. Said bonds shall be sold under the di- rection of the Finance Committee, in such man- ner as they may deem best for the interest of the city, or may be exchanged for outstanding bonds, which may be overdue at the time of such ex- change; provided that no bond shall be sold or exchanged for less than its par value.

SEC. 6. All moneys derived from the sale of said bonds shall be paid to the City Treasurer, and be by him kept in such manner and deposited in such place as the Finance Committee shall di- rect, and shall be drawn upon warrants authori- zed by said Committee and appropriated to the payment and redemption of bonds of the city then due and to no other purpose.

SEC. 7. The Controller shall procure two reg- isters, in one of which he shall enter a descrip- tion of all registered bonds, and in the other a description of all coupon bonds issued in pursu- ance of this ordinance, when and to whom sold and the amount of money received therefor, and if exchanged the number and description of the bond for which exchanged.

SEC. 8. Whenever any bond shall be paid or received in exchange it shall be the duty of the Finance Committee to cancel the same and to re- port the fact to the Treasurer and Controller and see that the proper entries are made upon their books.

SEC. 9. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Willow Street, from Fortieth Street to Forty-fourth Street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and di- rected to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Willow street, from For- tieth street to Forty-fourth street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance con- cerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Forty-second street, from Butler street to the Allegheny Val- ley R. R.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby au- thorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Forty- second street, from Butler street to the Allghe- ny Valley Railroad, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby re- pealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Supplementary to an Ordinance Opening Forty-third street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and en- acted by the authority of the same, That Wm. Smith be and is hereby appointed viewer on the opening of Forty-third street, from Butler to Davidson street, in lieu of James T. McClure, who declines serving.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

For Numbering Houses on Duquesne Way.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and en- acted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for numbering the houses on Duquesne Way, ac- cording to the Philadelphia system.

SEC. 2. The cost to be assessed upon the prop- erty so numbered, and to be collected by the con- tractor.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for the Issue of Bonds Amounting to the Sum of $250,000, of the Water Loan Authorized by the Act Approved February 8th, 1868.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Controller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to prepare and issue bonds, in the name of the city of Pitts- burgh, to the amount of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in accordance with the act of Assembly approved the 8th day of February, A. D. 1868, entitled "An Act authorizing the city of Pittsburgh to borrow money."

SEC. 2. Said bonds shall be made payable to bearer, with semi-annual coupons attached; they shall be in sums of one hundred, two hundred, five hundred, and one thousand dollars each, in such proportions as the Finance Committee may determine; they shall bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and shall be payable in twenty-five years from the first day of July, A. D. 1869, which shall be the date of said bonds; the principal and interest shall be pay- able at the office of the City Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh. They shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the City Controller, and shall be sealed by the Mayor with the corpo- rate seal of said city.

SEC. 3. The Finance Committee shall adver- tise for proposals for the purchase of said bonds, and shall sell the same to the highest bidder: *Provided*, That none of said bonds shall be sold for less than par.

SEC. 4. The City Controller shall keep a cor- rect and accurate account of all bonds which may be issued in pursuance of this ordinance, and of all monies received and paid for or on account thereof, and shall cancel and file all bonds and coupons which may at any time be paid by the City Treasurer.

SEC. 5. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY
President of Select Council.

Attest, F. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council,
Attest, H. McMASTERS,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Railroad street, from Twentieth street to Thirty-first street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enact- ed by the authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and di- rected to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Railroad street, from Twen- tieth street to Thirty-first street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved Janua- ry 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: F. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Twenty-seventh street, from Penn street to the River.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Com- mon Councils assembled, and it is here- by ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curb- ing of Twenty-seventh street, from Penn street to the river, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Snowden alley from Spruce alley to the Allegheny V. R. R.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils as- sembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading and pav- ing of Snowden alley, from Spruce alley to A. V. R. R., and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning Streets, passed Au- gust 31, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby re- pealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Construction of a Public sewer on Eleventh (late Ca- nal) street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the con- struction of a public sewer on Eleventh street, from Liberty street to the Allegheny river, and to assess the cost of the same James Black, James Irvin and Richard Hays are hereby ap- pointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER.
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Supplementary to an Ordinance Opening Forty-third street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and en- acted by the authority of the same, That Wm. Smith be and is hereby appointed viewer on the opening of Forty-third street, from Butler to Davidson street, in lieu of James T. McClure, who declines serving.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Paving of Fourth Avenue with Nicolson Pavement.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and di- rected to advertise for proposals for paving Fourth avenue, from Market to Wood street, with Nicolson pavement, and to let the same in accordance with acts of Assembly, and ordinance of the city proveing therefor.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby re- pealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: F. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Appointing Viewers on the Opening of Roberts street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Com- mon Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That James Black, Jacob Miller and James Chambers are hereby appointed viewers on the opening of Roberts street, from Centre avenue to Bedford avenue, in lieu of those pre- viously appointed, who decline serving.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby re- pealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council,
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je11

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Opening of Duncan street, from Kirkpatrick street to the property of Thos. Jones, on township road.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Coun- cils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and en- acted by the authority of the same, That the city Engineer be and is hereby authorized to survey and open Duncan street, from Kirkpatrick street eastwardly to the intersection of the township road at Thomas Jones', Sr., property, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby John M'Clung, Joseph Woodwell and J. H. Stewart be and are hereby appointed view- ers, in accordance with an act of Assemoly ap- proved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council,
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Forbes street, from Chest- nut street to Magee street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Forbes street, from Chestnut street to Magee street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordi- nance conflicting with the passage of this ordi- nance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this or- dinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. je18

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Spring alley, from Twenty-first street to Twenty-fifth street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and en

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Those who intend spending any time away from home during the summer months, can have the GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their address at our counting room.

The Reading Contest for the Mrs. Margarette Davidson prize, by the pupils of the Pittsburgh Female College, will take place this evening in the College Chapel.

Paid the Penalty.—George Rowe, against whom information had been made for selling liquor on Sunday, before the Mayor, appeared yesterday, and after a hearing was fined $50 and costs.

Held for a Hearing.—Mary E. Beigle made information before the Mayor, yesterday, against Virginia Hill for surety of the peace. She alleges that Virginia threatened to take her life. Virginia was held for a hearing.

We have been requested to call the attention of the Allegheny police to a crowd of boys who are in the habit of congregating at the corner of Beaver and Sampson streets, Allegheny, every evening, to the great annoyance of the neighborhood.

A Change.—We notice that officers Wooldridge and Havis, the former night officer and the latter on duty during the day at the Union Depot, have exchanged situations. Mr. Woolridge now does the day duty and Mr. Havis will be found on duty at night.

The Theatrical Embroglio.—A partial hearing in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Victor Parton, charged on oath of C. P. Bailey before Alderman Donaldson with perjury, was heard yesterday. The case was continued until Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Dr. Williams wishes us to return his thanks through our columns to all persons who attended the Festival held at John Wesley Chapel. He was sorry he could not allow dancing, as he knew a great many would have enjoyed themselves better; but he cannot allow that evil to cross into his precious flock.

Academy of Music.—The Academy of Music opened last evening under new auspices. Mr. W. C. Bailey is now the lessee and manager. To-night Miss Jean Hosmer, the celebrated tragedienne, will appear in the title *role* of the "Poor Girl." Wednesday evening she will close her engagement in this city.

Surety the of Peace.—John Grissinger made information before Alderman Donaldson yeiterday, against John Thompson and Samuel Bryant, for surety of the peace. He alleged that they threatened to do him bodily harm. They were held to bail for their appearance at court.

Felonious Assault and Battery.—Henry Coats made information, before the Mayor yesterday, charging David Jones with felonious assault and battery. The circumstances out of which this case originated, we published in full yesterday morning. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Jones.

Only One.—Mayor Drum's Morning Court was an exceedingly dull one yesterday morning. There was but one case to dispose of and it was a case of drunkenness. The victim had been to Troy Hill during Sunday and had taken too much beer. He was committed to jail in default of payment of a small fine.

Assault and Battery.—Catherine Snyder made information before Alderman Donaldson yesterday, charging Thomas Murray with assault and battery. She alleges that Thomas struck her with his fist and knocked her down. Murray was arrested, and after a hearing held to bail for his appearance at court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

Selling Liquor on Sunday.—Chief Hague, on information received yesterday, made information before the Mayor charging Dennis Golden, Hugh Kingston, Wm. Armstrong and Charles Fehun with selling liquor on Sunday. The information is to recover the penalty of fifty dollars, and summonses were served upon the parties.

Taken Over.—Deputy Sheriff T. B. Cluley, yesterday conducted to the Western Penitentiary, S. Parmer convicted of larceny and sentenced for one year, Archy Lawrence who plead guilty to indictment for larceny and was sentenced two years, and A Price convicted of feloniously entering a dwelling house and was sentenced to imprisonment in that institution for one year.

For the Grand Jury.—We respectfully direct the attention of the Grand Jury to the information made on Saturday before Alderman Butler against a city magistrate, charging him with corruption in office, or compounding a felony. If the case be as reported to us, the Alderman, whose name we temporarily withhold till he sets up a defense, should be taught a lesson which may do him good in his administration of justice hereafter.

Summer Vacations.—The Iron City Colleges, it will be remembered, has no vacations, the school being in continued session the year round. Consequently, persons who can, will find it to their advantage to attend during the summer and early autumn, when its classes are not so crowded as during the winter months. Circulars, giving full particulars, to be had on addressing the Principals, Smith & Cowley, Pittsburgh. D&W

Belligerant.—Frank Snyder, it appears, has a dislike for Patrick Price, and meeting him on the street a few days since, it is alleged he threatened to whip him "with'n an inch of his life." Patrick not being prepared for a trip so near eternity and fearing that Frank would carry his threats into execution, made information before Alderman Lynch against Snyder for surety of the peace. A warrant was issued for the arrest of the belligerant.

Body Found.—Yesterday afternoon the body of a boy was found in the Allegheny river at the foot of Twenty-eighth street, in the Twelfth ward, which is supposed to be the body of a boy drowned a short distance above that point some two months since. It had evidently been in the water a considerable time, as it was so much decomposed as to render it impossible to identify it with any certainty. The body was removed to Devore's, where the Coroner will hold an inquest on it this morning at nine o'clock.

Getting Dull.

Business at the Mayor's office, at the morning Court yesterday, was exceedingly dull. The fact that the Sunday liquor law had been pretty generally observed, was quite apparent. There were but three cases to dispose of and only one of them for drunkenness, and the prisoner stated that he had drank nothing but four glasses of beer, which he got on Troy Hill. He was committed to jail in default of ten dollars and costs. The other cases were for disorderly conduct and were discharged upon the payment of a small fine.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Soldiers' Monument.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I am very glad to see in your editorial remarks on the subject, a request that the Monumental Association reconsider their action in regard to locating the proposed structure in the Cemetery. I speak as one who served during the war, from April, 1861, until after the surrender of the rebel armies, and as one who patronized the Monumental Fair almost every day and evening it was held, giving in my mite, all I could afford, to make it successful. I have never taken part as one of the Association, but I have felt and still feel a deep interest in the proceedings of those self-sacrificing ladies who have done so much to rear this testimonial of gratefulness to the dead soldiers. The best of mortals sometimes err, and I feel that I am warranted by the sentiment of the community in saying that these ladies have committed a *grave* error, and one that, if not undone whilst it is yet possible, they will regret as long as they live.

Of all the sites proposed they have undoubtedly chosen the one least appropriate, and the one most obnoxious to the public. Perhaps they have been hampered in their action, by persons having selfish interests at stake; and perhaps, without their knowing it, something of this kind was the weight that finally made the decision.

It is useless to go over all the arguments against having it at the Cemetery—there are too many of them; but if the Cemetery was open to the public, it is not the proper place for such a structure. The object in having a public monument, as I understand it, is to have it in a position at once accessible and conspicuous; where it will be a gratifying object for our own citizens to look upon, and one that will remind our visitors that our patriotic people have not forgotten those who sacrificed their lives that the life of the nation might be saved.

How many of our citizens visit the Cemetery for gratification, pleasure or sight-seeing? How many visitors to the city are taken there to be shown the greatness or the beauty of the place? The answer to both of these queries must be comparatively few. If the monument were to be placed outside the gate the same arguments still hold, and, therefore, Lawrenceville section should not be gratified at the expense of the balance of the community.

As a Pittsburgher, I would like, above all things, to have it located somewhere in the city; but there has not been an eligible site offered in the city. Allegheny, in her commons, has the most eligible, conspicuous and pleasing site that has been offered. I have a small opinion of Alleghenians, because in the interest of a few ward politicians they prevented our two cities being one grand city, ranking, as it should do, in the cities of the world; but, because the village has some open space that is being improved into a Park, gratify Alleghenians by doing a sensible thing, and put the Monument where it will be seen, even by Pittsburghers, on the Commons.

In a few years every poor man wanting to enjoy cooling shade and a grass plat without going a long distance will ride to Allegheny on the street cars, and take a stroll through the Park, as it will then be called.

Persons taking a drive, or showing strangers our rural pleasure-places, will take the well-kept Park in Allegheny "en route," where one of the beauties ought to be the Soldiers' Monument.

But do, please do, get the ladies to reconsider. If they won't locate in Allegheny, get them to put it on Cliff street, Scotch Hill Market square, the Grain Elevator, the Court House, at the Point, or at Point Breeze near the stock yards, anywhere is preferable to the grave yard.

Yours, truly, EAST LIBERTY.

EDITORS GAZETTE: At the close of the late conflict an effort was made by a few benevolent and patriotic ladies, who so lately had distinguished themselves in the cause of humanity, to raise funds for the purpose of erecting a monument to commemorate the heroic deeds of the sons of Allegheny county, who gave their lives in support of our National existence.

Their efforts were pecuniarily successful, and a large amount of money was freely contributed for that purpose. I notice in reading the minutes of their last meeting, which was informal, or at least far from being regular, that some eight ladies, out of twenty, into whose hands this money was placed in trust, located this testimonial in the Allegheny Cemetery—grounds owned by private individuals, surrounded by high walls, and accessible only to stockholders, or others who, by special favor, are fortunate to obtain permission by card, and then only in certain hours in the day.

This is surely a misconstruction of the object of this testimonial. Had the ladies consulted the wishes of nine-tenths of the contributors to that fund, or had they themselves the advantages of a more extended observation, they would not have failed to notice that such monuments are not to be considered in the light of a tomb stone, but, like the shaft of Bunker Hill, or the statues of Washington, Lafayette, or others, are to be admired as commemorative of noble deeds of noble men, and to perpetuate noble principles.

We deprecate any action regardless of public sentiment, and would insist upon a free and unrestrained exhibition of this testimonial of public gratitude, and advise; that the eight ladies in question desist from pursuing for the second or third time a course of action which must eventually bring upon themselves discredit, and mar, if not obliterate, all the good that was originally intended.

SOLDIER.

MESSRS. EDITORS: So much has been said and written of late concerning the advantages presented by the different sites offered for the location of the long talked of Soldiers' Monument that it seems out of place now to go any farther; but having been a soldier myself, serving through nearly all of the time of the late war, and having a deep interest in this proposed monument, I cannot even at this late hour forbear protesting against the late action of the Committee having the matter in charge as being unwise in so far as it does not, nor never can, give satisfaction to a very large majority of our citizens, whose contributions in money and influence have brought the enterprise so far towards completion. Now that it is certain we are to have a monument somewhere, the object of which is familiar to every one, the only question is, Where shall it be located in order to be seen by the largest number of our citizens and strangers without incurring any expense or the loss of any time from business?

This is the only question at issue, and before entering upon any discussion of it, permit me to state that I am not writing in the interest of any particular party, but rather desiring to see the whole county represented as far as possible. Now, if the Monument be placed in the Cemetery, the result is that it will never be seen by many of the business men visiting our cities annually, not by one of the great throng continually passing through and stopping over occasionally a day or two to visit some of our most extensive machine shops and mills, and never by any of our multitude of working men, from whose ranks it must be remembered a majority of those whose memories we would perpetuate and honor come, unless they lose a day from their work or wait till Sabbath and be obliged to pay out their hard earned money for conveyance out and then most likely not get in unless they happened to be ticket holders.

Now it seems to us that there is really only one site among them all, and that is Seminary Hill—a spot which in itself, without any ornamentation more than Nature, the great head and chief of all artists has bestowed upon it, possesses a sublimity of grandeur such as can be found nowhere else in the county. Situated as it is in the heart of the city, and rising as it does almost perpendicular to a height of nearly two hundred feet above the level, while on one side sweeps silently by the three rivers, with the Pan Handle Railroad and high range of hills in full view, and on the other stretches away in beautiful contrast the public park grounds with the line of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad winding gracefully through, and from the summit both cities with all their surroundings, including the principal depot, come in full view.

Now, if the ladies having the matter in charge will lay aside all prejudice, I am sure they cannot find another spot that presents to many attractions, and will be of so easy access and stimulate the subscription of so much money in addition to the liberal offer already made by the Allegheny authorities. In placing the monument on Seminary Hill it will give satisfaction to a larger number of citizens of the county, it is believed, than anywhere else, and then, and only then, will Allegheny county have erected a monument which shall show forth to other cities, and other States, their appreciation of those of her sons who fell in the endearing cause of human liberty, thus perpetuating their memories through succeeding generations. A CITIZEN.

Beaver County Temperance Convention.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW BRIGHTON, June 19, 1869.

The Good Templars of Beaver county held their Quarterly Convention in Bridgewater on the 17th and 18th insts. The Lodges were all represented, and considerable interest manifested. Public meetings were held in one of the churches both evenings, and good earnest lectures delivered by Rev. Hartman, of Altoona, who is employed by the Order as a regular lecturer.

The following are the principal resolutions passed:

1st. That it is the duty of all Good Templars to take a personal interest in the prosperity of the Lodge to which they belong.

2d. That it is the duty of all Good Templars to patronize, as far as possible, those in business who give us their aid to advance the cause of Temperance.

3d. That by receiving the youth into our lodges, and teaching them our principles, we aid them in forming good characters and preparing for future usefulness.

4th. That we feel renewed confidence in the final success of our cause, and that we will go forth from this Convention ready to do all in our power for the work in which we have enlisted.

5th. That the time is not far distant when we must make a step in advance of any yet taken, and make a determined onslaught on the enemy at the ballot-box, feeling that the success of our cause depends upon the law making power of the State, and the sooner that is purified the sooner will victory crown our efforts.

6th. That we tender our thanks to Brother Hartman for his invaluable services in our Convention.

7th. That we hold our next Quarterly Convention at Rochester about the 16th of September, 1869. C.

"Personalism."

The Rev. Thomas H. Hanna delivered a lecture last evening before the Literary Societies of the Western University. The subject of the lecture was "Personalism," which Mr. Hanna handled in masterly style. We have no space for an extended report, although the lecture was one that would bear reporting. Personalism is a man being himself. He is not to be moved like a puppet or operated upon like machinery. He is to think for himself, and act for himself. He is to lay his own plans, execute his own designs and speak his own words. He is, of course, to place himself under proper instruction, but is not to speak and act just as others speak and act. He is to have a mind of his own and not lose his individual personalism by allowing others to think and act for him. In order to do this, he must choose such occupation or profession as nature intended him for, and inclination prompts him to.

The lecture was richly illustrated by facts taken from Grecian and Roman, as well as English and American, history. A vein of humor run through it which was as sarcastic as it was refreshing.

The audience was select and appreciative, and gave ample testimony of its high admiration of the lecture by hearty and enthusiastic applause. The assembly was dismissed with a benediction by Professor Craul.

Dr. Woods, the President of the Institution, will deliver the Baccalaureate this morning at eleven o'clock, and there will be a public examination of the students on Wednesday afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Trapped at Last.

For some time past it has been evident to the authorities that Mary Murphy, who resides in Virgin alley, was running a brisk trade on Sunday, in the whiskey business, but it appeared impossible to get sufficient evidence to substantiate a charge against her. Men, women and children, it is alleged by the neighbors, thronged her "ranche" from "sunny morn till dewy eve," every Sunday, and the night was made hideous by their drunken brawls, yet no one could be found who was willing to swear that Mrs. Murphy sold liquor on Sunday, either spirituous or malt. So numerous were the complaints that Chief Hague determined to break up the establishment, if possible, and in order to get evidence against the offender upon which to base a charge, two officers were dressed in citizens clothes and sent in for a drink. The trap was a success, as on entering the house the officers found the room crowded with men and women, and the old lady dealing out whiskey and taking in money as fast as she could.

Information was made and a summons served upon the defendant. We would suggest also the propriety of an information for selling liquor without license, as it is hardly probable that Mrs. Murphy's house is licensed to sell liquor.

S. S. Marvin, No. 94 Liberty street, sells the best bread, best weight, made of the best flour, of any house in the city. Always ask for Marvin's Bread for family use.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

MONDAY, June 21.—In the case of Irvin vs. Bleakley. This was an action resulting from an oil transaction, made several years ago. The plaintiff entered into a written contract with the defendant to pay a stipulated sum for a certain tract of land on the delivery of the deed. Two payments, to make good the purchase, were made. The plaintiff failed ever to make tender of the remainder of the money, although the plaintiff had the deed waiting in ready for him to do so. The case had no bottom whatever, and Judge Kirkpatrick directed a non suit to be entered.

The argument and equity list will be taken up Tuesday morning.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

MONDAY, June 21.—John and Christian Latterly, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, B. Renter prosecutor, were arraigned and plead not guilty. The parties reside on Troy Hill. It is alleged that the accused pulled the prosecutor's whiskers. The jury returned a verdict of assault and battery. and they were sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars each and costs.

B. Renter, indicted for assault and battery on oath of John Latterly, was found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and costs.

Jacob Higler and John Schell, indicted for larceny, were arraigned. plead guilty and sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment of one year each in the Western Penitentiary.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. Peter Riley, indicted for felonious assault and battery, Stephen Bulger prosecutor. The parties reside at Noblestown, where the difficulty, out of which this case originated, occurred some two months since. Bulger, it appears, was in a tavern in Noblestown, and had been drinking, when Riley came in and the two got into an altercation, when the landlord put Bulger out of the house. Sometime afterward Riley came out, when they got into a scuffle, when, it is alleged, Riley drew a knife and cut Bulger several times, inflicting severe and dangerous wounds.

Mr. Swartzwelder appeared for the Commonwealth, and Mr. Marshall for the defendent. Jury out.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY

147. Com. vs. Lewis Thomas.
149. " David Gilmore and James McCloskey,
150. " Thomas Sheridan and Pat Foley, 2 cases.
154. " Thomas Morgan.
141. " Wm. W. Keenan and J. H. Clark.
152. " Frank Gent.
157. " Catharine Stehle.
158. " Wm. Milligan and John McClain.
162. " Wm. Milligan, et al.
163. " Jacob Fluxman.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterritt and Mellon.

MONDAY, June 21.—Jno. Roberts vs. Geo. W. McGraw & Son. Action on a promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $1 317.82.

Isaac Mills vs. Heirs of George H. Bell. Action in ejectment for land in Wilkins township. On trial. This case will probably occupy the Court for two or three days.

Up for Twenty Days.

John Kinberg, a Swede, came to the Mayor's office, yesterday, and made information against Patrick Campbell for disorderly conduct. It appears that Kinberg is a stranger in the city, and Pat endeavored to play a small confidence game upon him, but the Swede was too sharp to be taken in by him. Campbell, it is alleged, met Kinberg, who was in search of employment, on the street, and proposed to get him a situation, and while they were conversing together, he got hold of a diamond for cutting glass, the property of Kinberg, who is a glass cutter, and started off with it. Kinberg asked him where he was going, to which he replied that he would be back in a few moments. This answer aroused the suspicion of the stranger, and he followed after Campbell and caught hold of him, when the latter picked up a brick and threatened to knock his brains out. At this stage of the proceedings an officer came up, and learning from some citizens the cause of the difficulty, took Campbell in charge, and conducted him to the Mayor's office.

The stranger, who was unable to speak English, still held on to the prisoner, for the purpose, as was afterwards ascertained, of obtaining his diamond, which Campbell kept possession of until he entered the Mayor's office, when he threw it on the floor.

The services of an interpreter were secured, through whom it was ascertained that Kinberg did not intend to remain in town but a short time, and consequently refused to make an information for larceny.

A charge of disorderly conduct was substituted, and after a hearing Campbell was fined ten dollars and costs, and in default of payment was sent up for twenty days.

At a meeting of Henry Lambert Lodge No. 475 I. O. O. F., held at their hall, on the evening of June 18th, 1869, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It having become known through the public prints that our German fellow citizens intend celebrating our Nation's birthday, which falls this year on Sunday, on that day, contrary to the custom and in opposition to the religious feeling of American-born citizens and those of other nationalities, be it, therefore,

Resolved, By Henry Lambert Lodge, No. 475 I. O. O. F., that we consider this act of a part of our citizens to whom we have given the same rights and liberties as we ourselves enjoy, as contrary to the spirit of our institutions and derogatory to the moral and spiritual well being of the people of this country.

We, therefore, as Odd Fellows, and as citizens solemnly protest against this intended violation of our rights and respectfully ask our German fellow citizens to reconsider their action and celebrate the preceding Saturday or the succeeding Monday, in common with other citizens.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the *Weekly Mirror*, *Daily Gazette* and *Commercial*, and also a copy be sent to the District Deputy.

JOHN H. HOFFER,
W. B. EVANS, Sec'y. N. G.

Pitt Building and Loan Association.—A meeting of Stockholders of the Pitt Building and Loan Association will be held this, Tuesday, evening at 7½ o'clock at the National Hotel, corner of Penn and Thirty-third streets. It is important that all members be present. There are a few more shares of stock for sale, and as no more associations are to be chartered, it would be well for parties to attend and procure an interest in the Pitt.

Marvin's Superior Crackers the best in the market. Ask your grocerer for Marvin's Crackers. Use none other.

Corporal Punishment in the Public Schools.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: In this age of velocipedes any man may have his "hobby," and, so far as applies to school government, possibly every teacher has a hobby. A good hobby differs from a bad hobby just so far as good or bad mechanical contrivance differs.

A good method of government differs from a bad method so far as good or bad principles are involved in it. And any method is good only so far as it develops *good* and *true* principles in the life and conduct of the child; humanizes instead of brutalizes; elevates and refines instead of degrades and debases. It requires but little perception to discover the superiority of a good rule over a bad one, when they are both brought to a practical test. And as applied to teaching, the success of a rule is generally measured by the amount of "book learning" a child acquires within a given time. But as teachers have no rule for measuring *health* and *morals*, no account is taken of the physical injury or demoralized condition of the child as an offset.

The moral training of a child is of the first importance, and every method that tends to demoralize should be abandoned; and there is plenty of proof to show that the prevailing practice of *flogging* inevitably leads to lying, deceit, hatred, revenge, tardiness, truancy, absenteeism, indifference and disgust, and the fear of severe punishment frequently so confuses and agitates the thoughts that the mind loses its equilibrium, and is lost in vacancy, entirely unfitting the child for study. I was a school-boy once myself, and I retain some vivid recollections of the use of the rod, and these recollections lead me to make war on the infernal practice.

In those days there was no such thing known among farmers as a "threshing machine," except, indeed, in the country school houses. It was the fashion in those days to "thresh" out the grain with a *hickory flail*, and it was also the fashion to "thresh" in the mental grain with a hickory rod, and was done by the "posterior" method of threshing. The only wonder is, that while the farmer keeps up with the age of improvement, and does all his threshing at once by machinery, that the teacher has not invented some instrument by which he could give a general threshing and make one job of it. But this is only a proof of how hard it is for teachers to get out of old practices and adopt new.

Small children, with reason undeveloped, should be governed by affection, and a difference of sex should not be overlooked, and should receive somewhat different treatment. With the young something like a family feeling should be cultivated in school. With the older a more rigorous, soldierly discipline should prevail. Instruction should be imparted through the medium of the eyes and ears, except such as relates to taste, smell and the sensations from touch. The organs of *perception* are situated in the anterior portion of the head, above the eyes, and plainly indicate the direction from whence we receive ideas. Phrenology confirms this, and teaches that the reflective or rational organs are in the front of the forehead. The ideal at the sides, and the moral or religious above in the highest region, whilst the affectional organs are situated at the posterior and base of the brain. Hence we may logically conclude that instruction cannot be driven in from the posterior direction, nor through the *hands*, or *ends of the fingers*, as is frequently attempted, by means of the rod. All that sort of effect is not only futile, but positively cruel.

There are persons in all communities who are morally constituted, with large "benevolence" or philanthropy. Such persons are naturally kind hearted, and with ordinary intellectual powers inevitably drift into the ranks of reformers. This class formed the first Abolitionist, Liberty or Anti Slavery party, because they had convictions that slavery was wrong, cruel, brutalizing and a curse morally and politically to the country. Slavery was abolished. And now the same class, whose minds were easily affected by the magnitude of evil involved in slavery, will readily seek some other field of reform. Unfortunately many of them will find a new field in the public schools, and the same noble feelings of refinement and benevolence which were shocked in contemplating the barbarism of slavery, will in due time raise a hub-bub in our Public Schools until the disgraceful practice of flogging is abolished from the school-room.

The love of rule in some degree is implanted in the nature of every one. This love has two elements, or qualities. One is the love of power over others, from an *evil love*, of *self*, and makes tyrants and cruel task masters. The other is the love of ruling over others, from the love of being useful to them, and is the good, love of "loving the neighbor," and makes men benevolent, charitable and philanthropic. The former love, when found in teachers, makes them severe, stern, driving task masters, and exacting beyond comparison. Apparently without a kind feeling in their natures, or government, they demand blood as the price of disobedience. Fear and hate is the fruit of such rule, and an *iron rod* should be hung in the school as a fit symbol of its hardness.

The good element in teachers leads the scholars by winning their affections and confidence, and holding the attention by kind, soft, loving words and manners. Love inspires love, confidence and trust, and when that state is once induced the child is easily managed, because school becomes attractive and delightful, and is no longer regarded as a prison and place of confinement.

SCHOOL DIRECTOR.

A Highly Intelligent Lady, a resident of Syracuse, N. Y., says that she was afflicted nearly a year, periodically, with derangement of the circulation, the blood rushing to the lungs with such force as to threaten congestion and death. This was attended with the most intense pain in all parts of the body. Failing to obtain relief from any of the physicians whom she employed from time to time, she was induced to try the PLANTATION BITTERS, and to her surprise and joy they have relieved her, and she is now in good health and flesh.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Marvin's Superior Crackers the best in the market. Ask your grocerer for Marvin's Crackers. Use none other.

Western Avenue Residence at Auction.—Remember the sale this (Tuesday) afternoon at two o'clock, of that good property, No. 205 Western avenue, Allegheny City. The lot is 48 by 120 feet. A first-rate location. A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

Shaving Saloon.—Thos. H. Lyles, (late with H. B. Williamson,) 45 Diamond square, Allegheny, (Diamond Bank building.) Shaving and hair cutting by first-class workmen. Every effort made to give satisfaction. Try us.

Marvin's Superior Crackers the best in the market, Ask your grocerer for Marvin's Crackers. Use none other.

Latest Styles of Japanese Silks, Black Silks and Lama Lace Mantles, Shawls, Window Curtains in Lace and Damasks, Linen Goods of all makes, Cassimeres and Pant Stuffs, French Corsets and Hoop Skirts. Their Dress Goods is in every quality, Black and Colored Silks, Ladies' Undergarments, Flowering Goods at Bates & Bell's.

At Rode's modern style Shaving Saloon, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, Allegheny, will be found adepts in shaving, hair cutting, (for adults and children) hair dyeing, leeching, cupping and tooth-drawing. Try and be convinced. T

S. S. Marvin, No. 94 Liberty street, sells the best bread, best weight, made of the best flour, of any house in the city. Always ask for Marvin's Bread for family use.

Hecker's Farina forms a very agreeable light nutritive food, a superior article for puddings and jellies, and is highly recommended by physicians for invalids and children. Sold by all grocers. T

Marvin's wine crackers, toast biscuit and vanilla jumbles are the best in the market. Use none other. Send to No. 90 Liberty street, and try them.

Williamson's Shop, 190 Federal street, Allegheny, is first class for a luxurious bath, for shaving, hair dyeing, hair cutting and dressing, plain or by curling and frizzle; also, for cupping and leeching. T

Marvin's wine crackers, toast biscuit and vanilla jumbles are the best in the market. Send to No. 91 Liberty street, and try them.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Marvin's Superior Crackers the best in the market. Ask your grocerer for Marvin's Crackers. Use none other.

MARRIED.

McDONALD—WOODS—At the residence of Dr. Wm. Woods, Sewickley, Pa., on Thursday, June 17th, by Rev. J. B. Bittenger, D.D., Captain D. A. McDONALD to Miss M. F. WOODS.

YOUNG—ALLISON—On Tuesday, June 15th, at the First Presbyterian Church, Ironton, Ohio, by the Rev. John H. Young, Mr. J. H. YOUNG, formerly of Pittsburgh, and Miss EMILY T. ALLISON, both of Ironton. No cards.

DIED.

MURRAY.—On Saturday, June 19th, 1869, at her residence in Sewickley, Mrs. ANNIE R. MURRAY, relict of the late Dr. J. C. Murray.

Funeral will take place THIS DAY, 22d inst. Religious services at the house at 12:30. Will leave Federal street Depot, Allegheny city, on the arrival of the train at 2:30 P. M., and proceed to Allegheny Cemetery.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

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Such as Bi Carb Potassa, Vichy Salt, Kissinge Salt, Seidlitz Powder, Citrate Magnesia, Citrat Iron and Quinine, Iodide Potassae, Carbonat Lithia, &c. Also, agent F. A. Sarg's Vienna Glycerine Soap, and Brecknell's, London, Ski Soap.
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D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my23-TF

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Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his
SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
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No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET.